

Safe Decision-Making for Aerial Swarms

From Reliable Localization to Efficient Coordination

RSS 2024 Workshop on Aerial Swarm Tools and Applications
July 19, 2024

SiQi Zhou (on behalf of Prof. Angela P. Schoellig)
Chair of Safety, Performance and Reliability for Learning Systems
Technical University of Munich



UNIVERSITY OF
TORONTO



Robotics
Institute



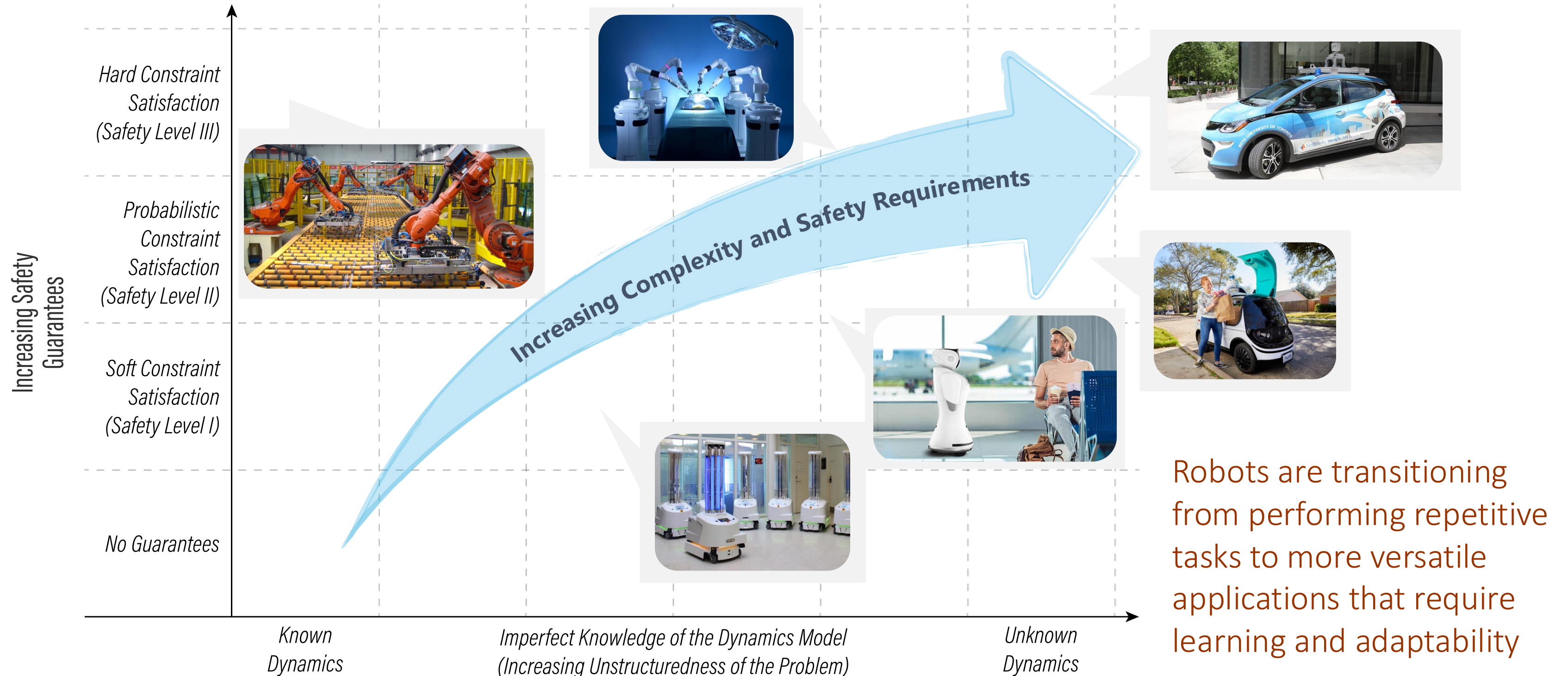
VECTOR
INSTITUTE

INSTITUT
VECTEUR



LEARNING SYSTEMS &
ROBOTICS LAB

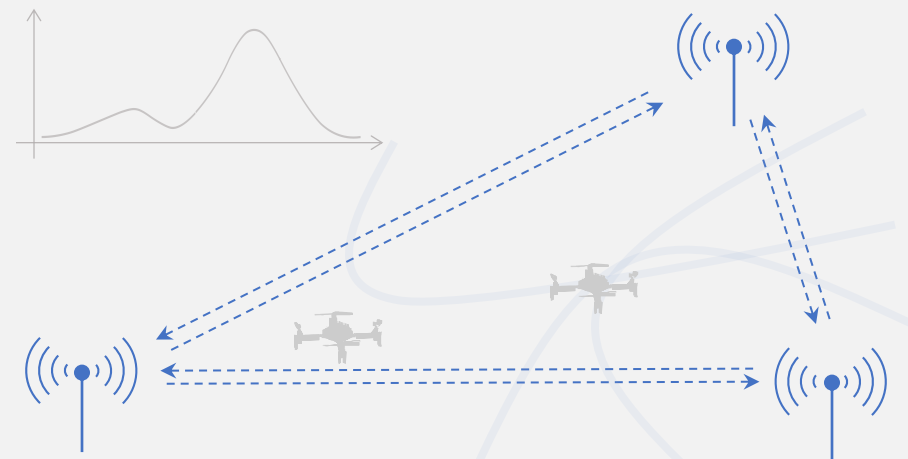
A Spectrum of Real-World Robot Applications





Part I

Robust Range-Based Methods
for
Reliable Aerial Swarm
Localization



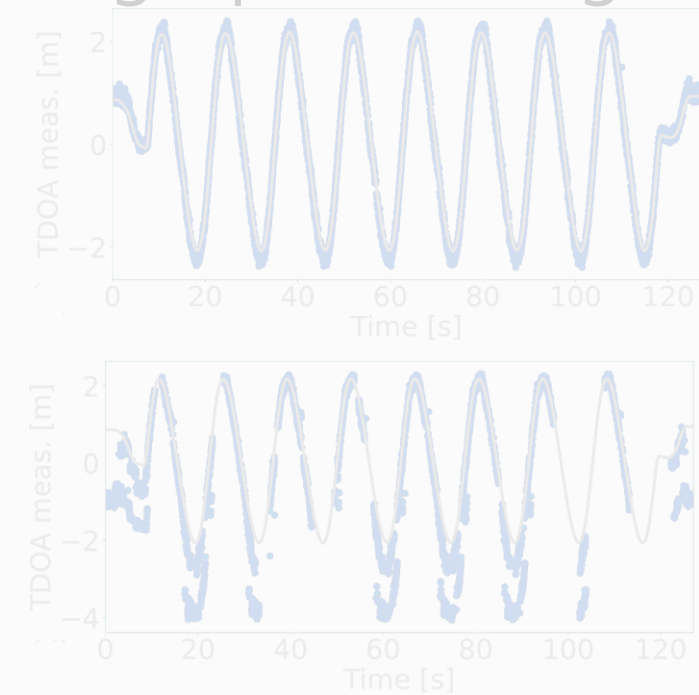
Part II

Control Theoretic Approaches
for
Efficient Swarm Coordination



Part III

Simulation Tools and Datasets
for
Scaling Up Swarming Tasks



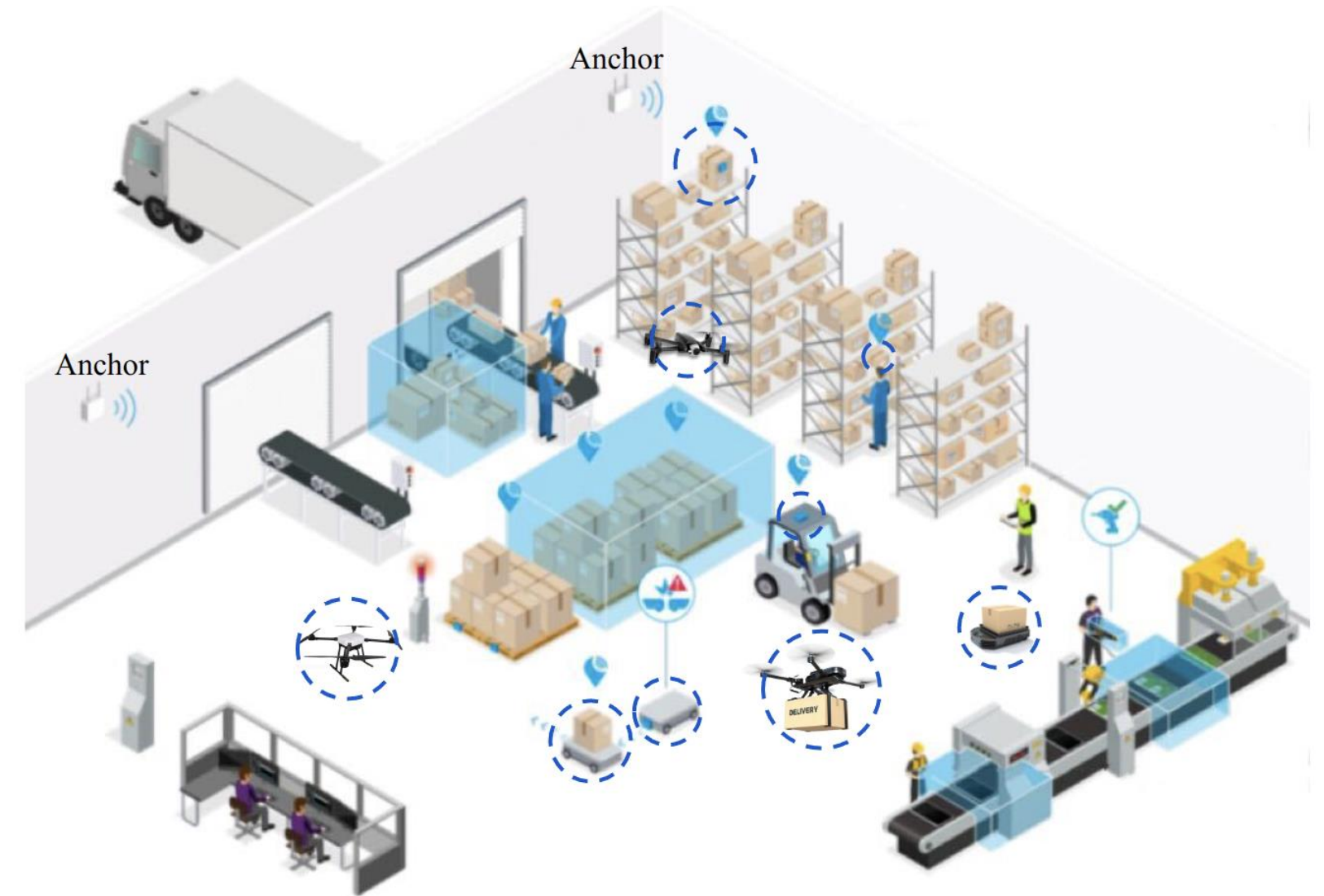


UWB for Portable and Reliable Indoor Localization

Accurate, robust, and scalable indoor localization is a crucial enabling technology for many robot applications

- warehouse management
- industrial inspection
- long-term monitoring tasks

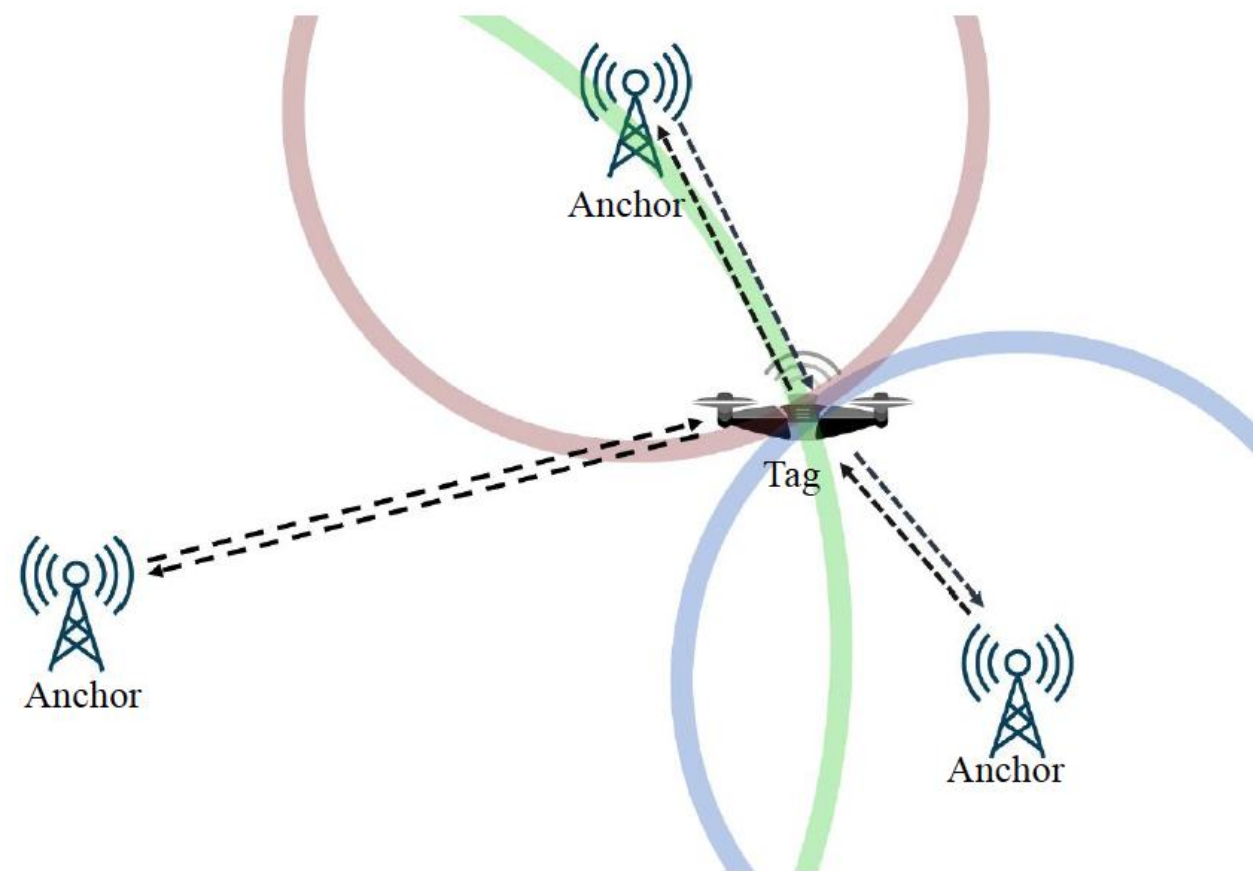
Ultra-wideband (UWB) radio technology, with its ability to provide high-accuracy time of arrival (TOA) measurements, has emerged as a promising indoor positioning solution.



Two Modes of Operation

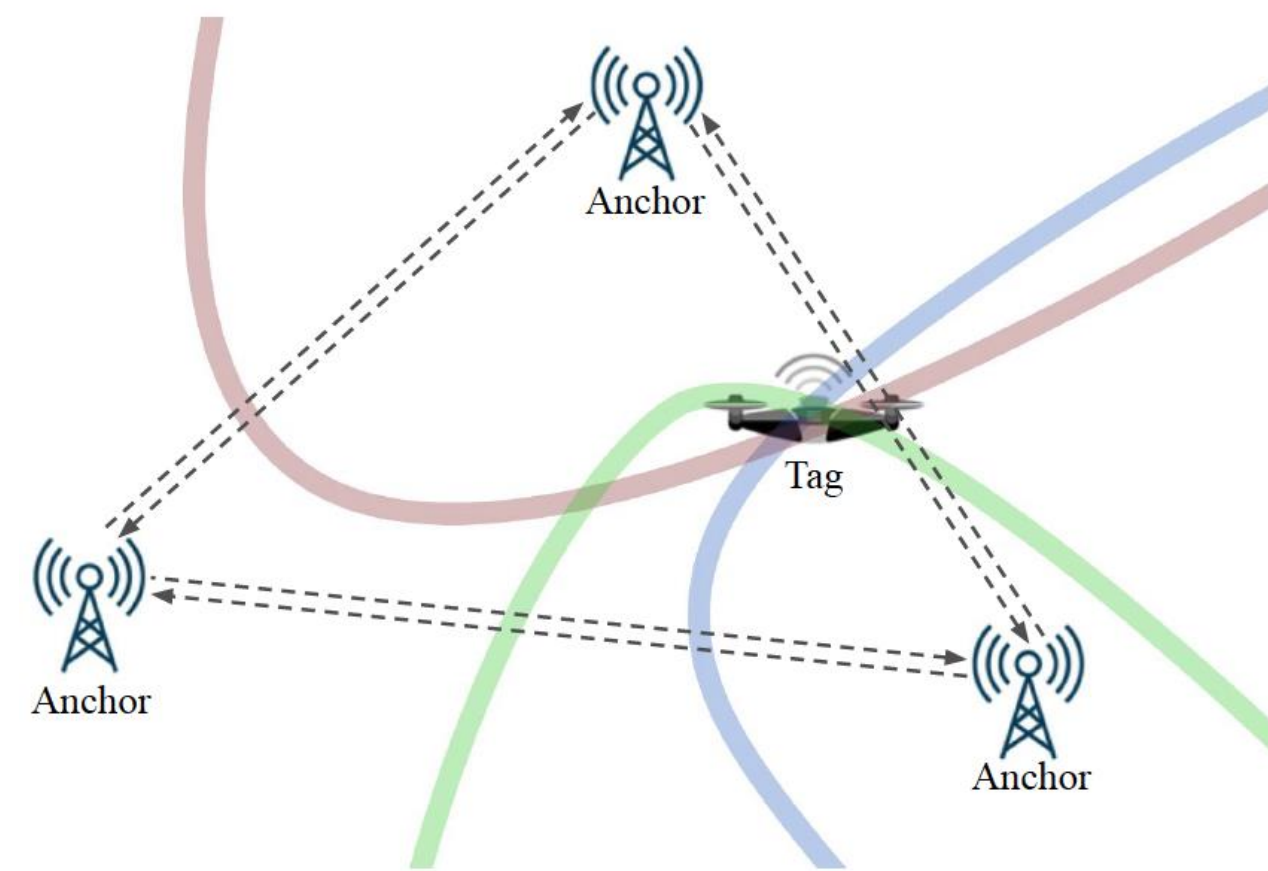


Two-Way Ranging (TWR)



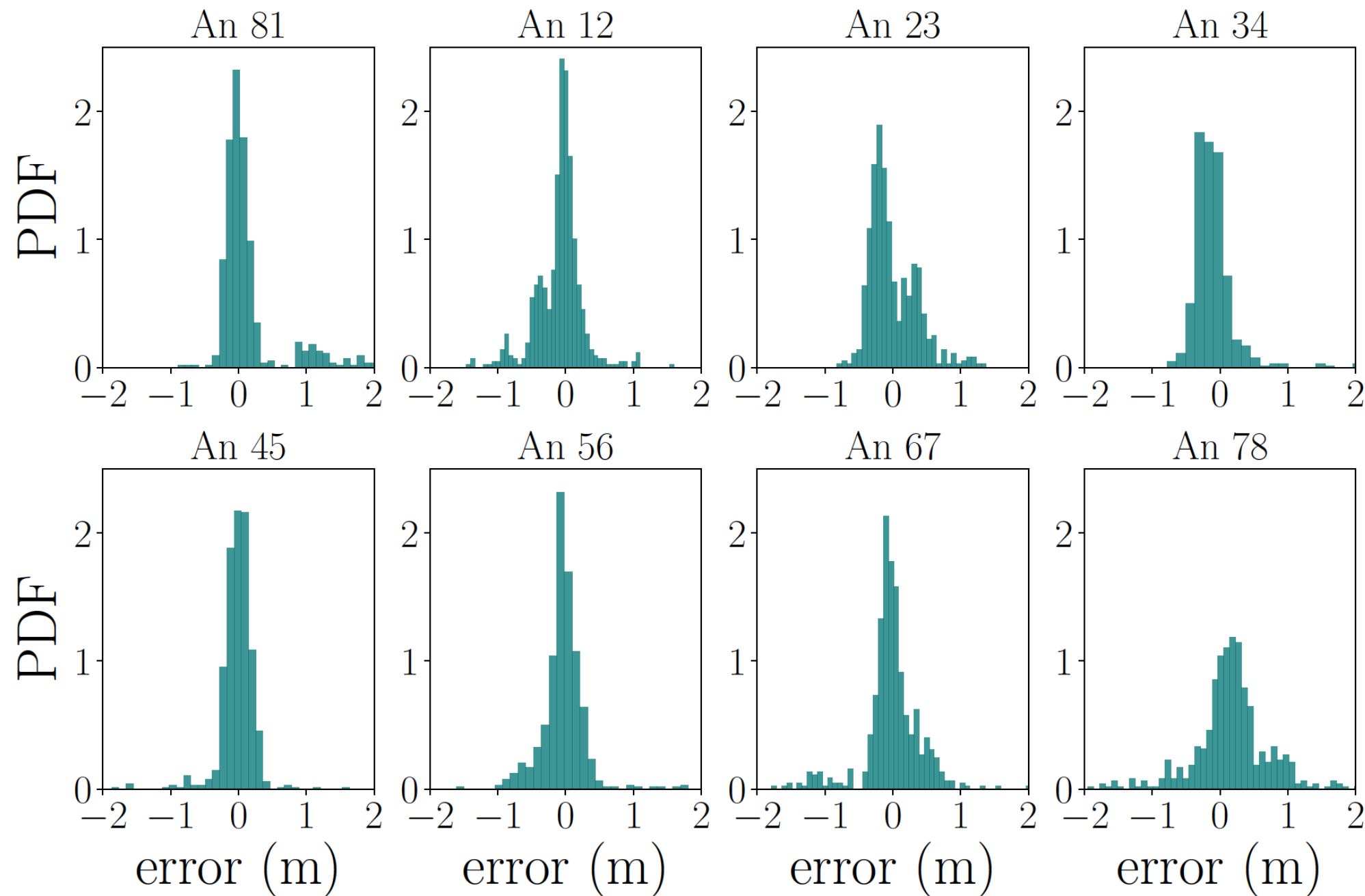
UWB tag communicates with anchors and acquires range measurements through two-way communication.

Time Difference of Arrival (TDOA)



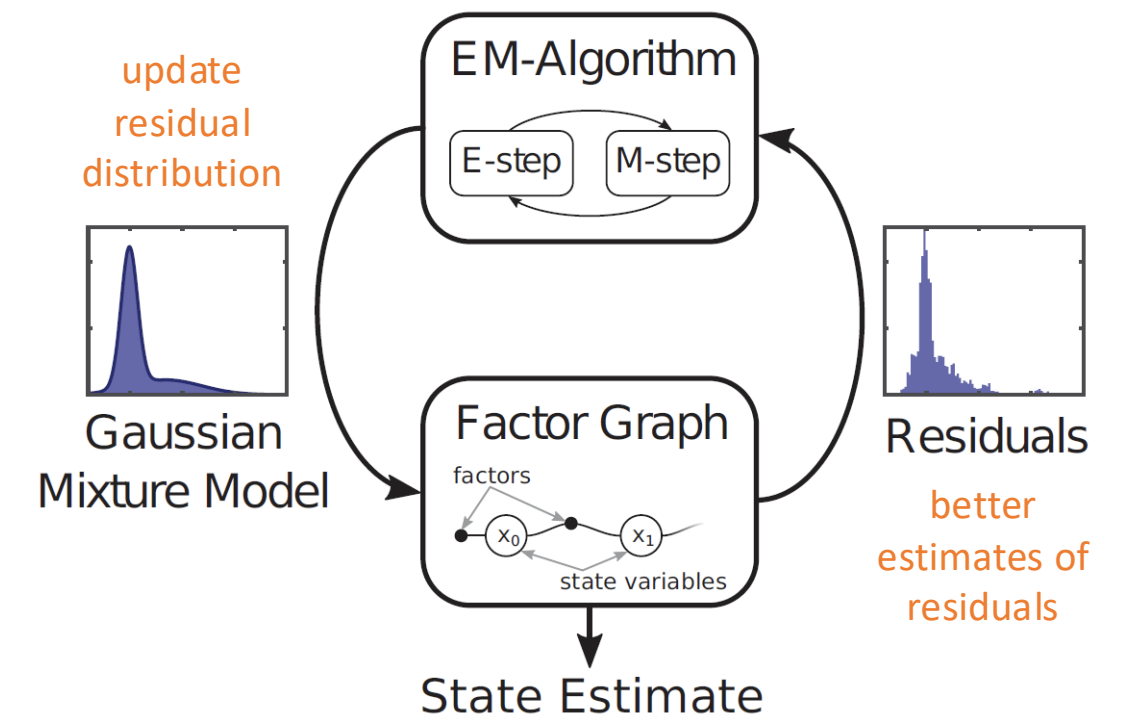
UWB tags receive signals from anchors passively and compute the difference in distance as TDOA measurements.

Challenges Hinderling Reliable Localization

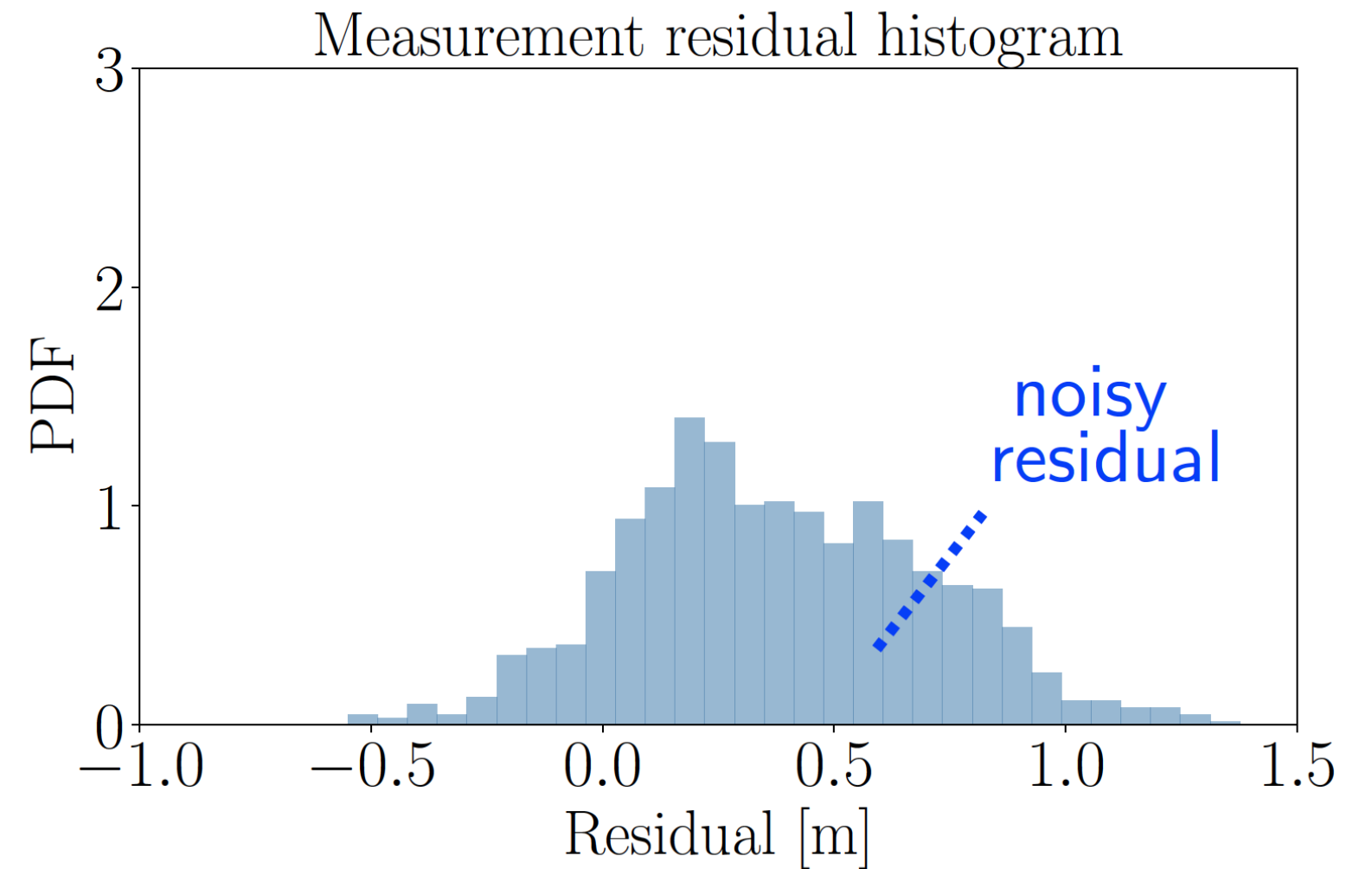
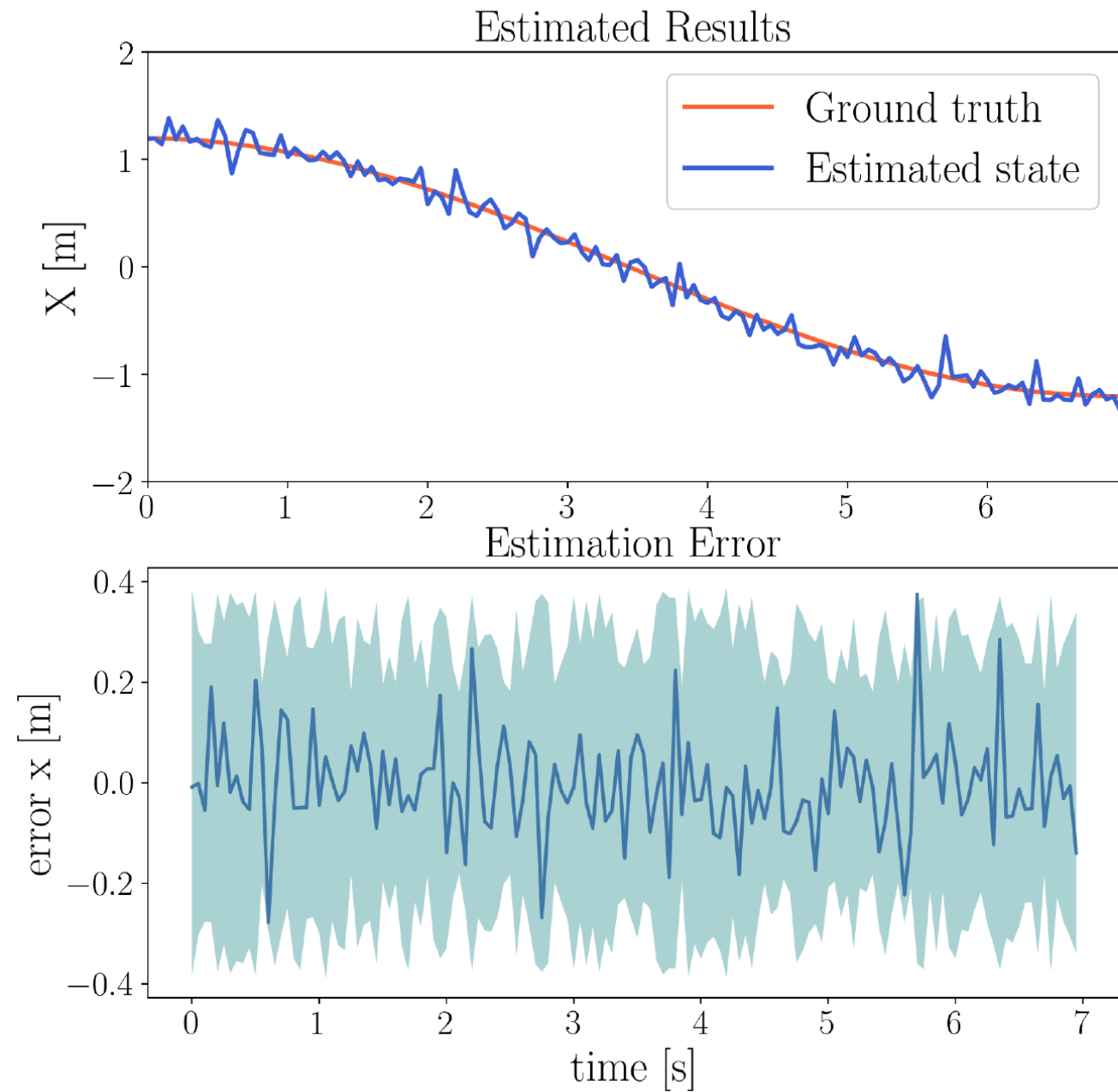


UWB measurement errors demonstrate **biased** and **non-Gaussian** distributions in **dynamic** and **cluttered** environments.

Idea: Gaussian Mixture Models

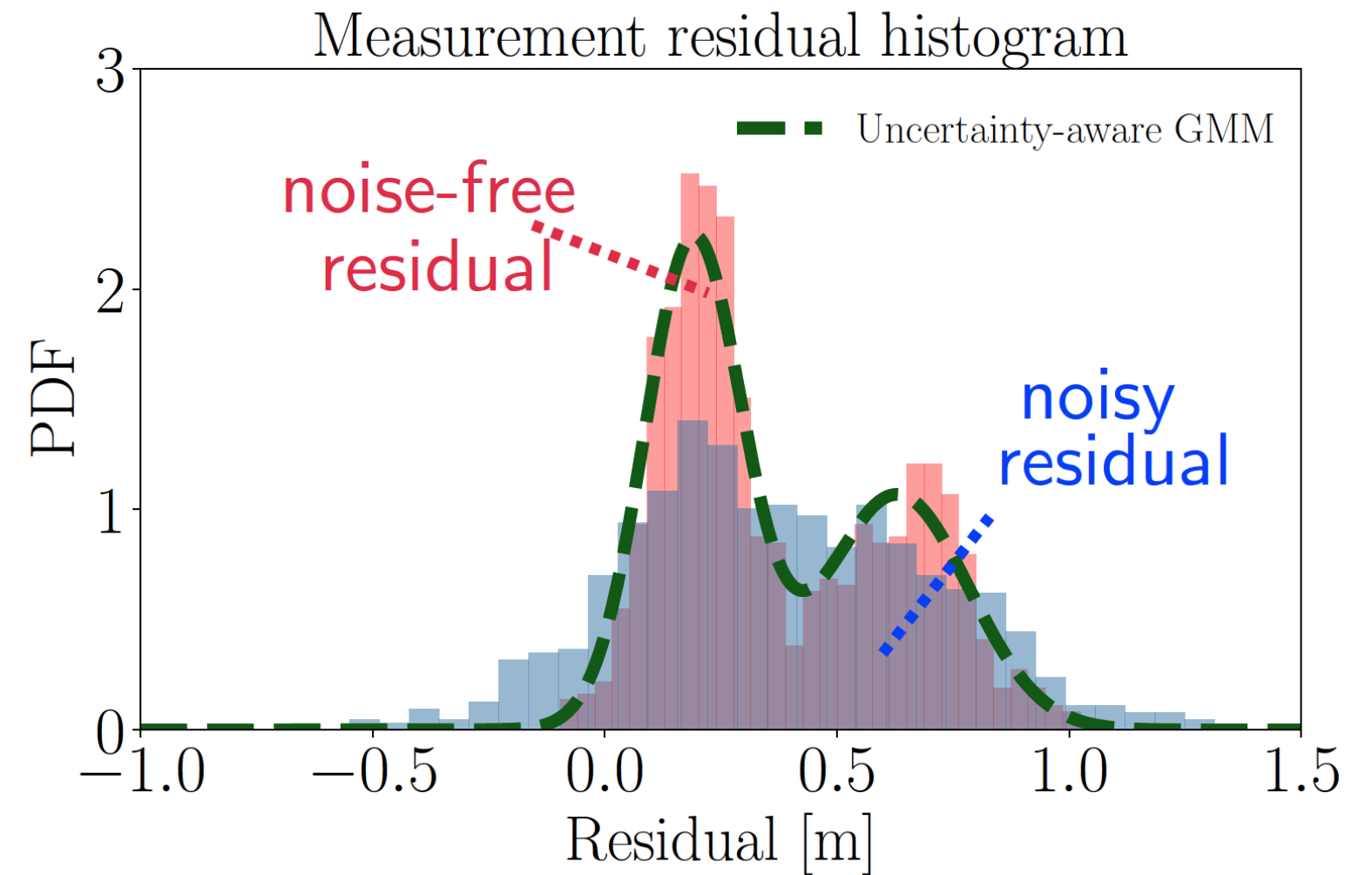
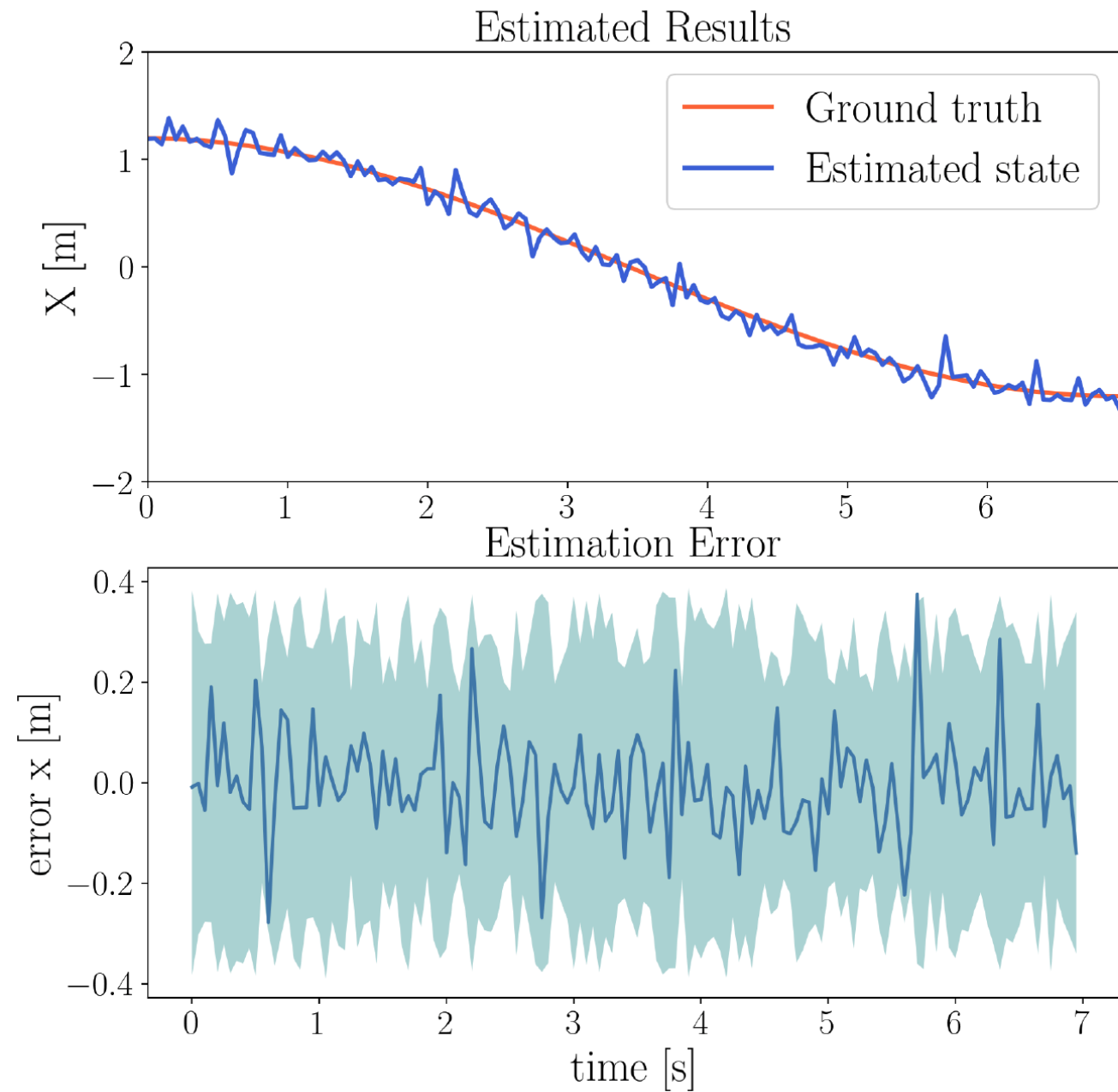


Limitations of Existing Methods



residuals computed based on the mean of the estimated state

Limitations of Existing Methods



residuals computed based on the ground-truth state estimates



We apply a similar variational inference approach, originally used in motion segmentation, to incorporate the residuals' uncertainties into the GMM noise model learning. The variational distributions of the hyperparameters are computed through maximizing the evidence lower bound.

The key insight of this approach is to **incorporate the residuals' uncertainties** when evaluating the responsibilities in the variational E step.



We propose a bi-level optimization algorithm for joint localization and uncertainty-aware noise model learning

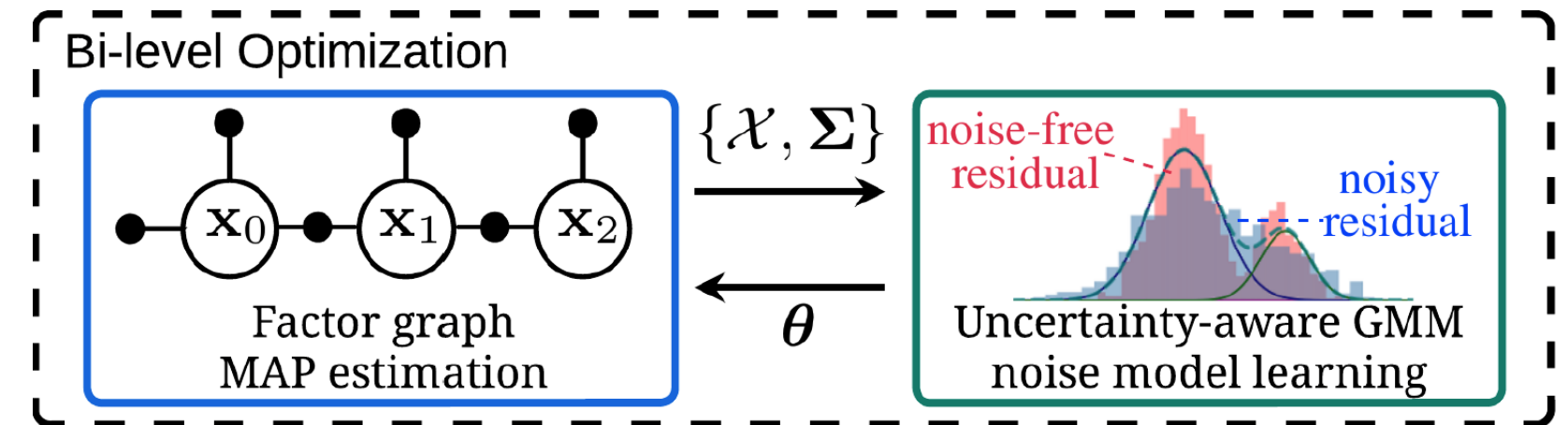
- Inner loop

$$\hat{\mathcal{X}} = \arg \max_{\mathcal{X}} p(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{U}, \mathcal{D} | \boldsymbol{\theta})$$

- Outer loop

$$\hat{q}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) = \arg \max_{q(\boldsymbol{\theta})} \mathcal{L}(q(\boldsymbol{\theta}) | \mathcal{X}, \Sigma)$$

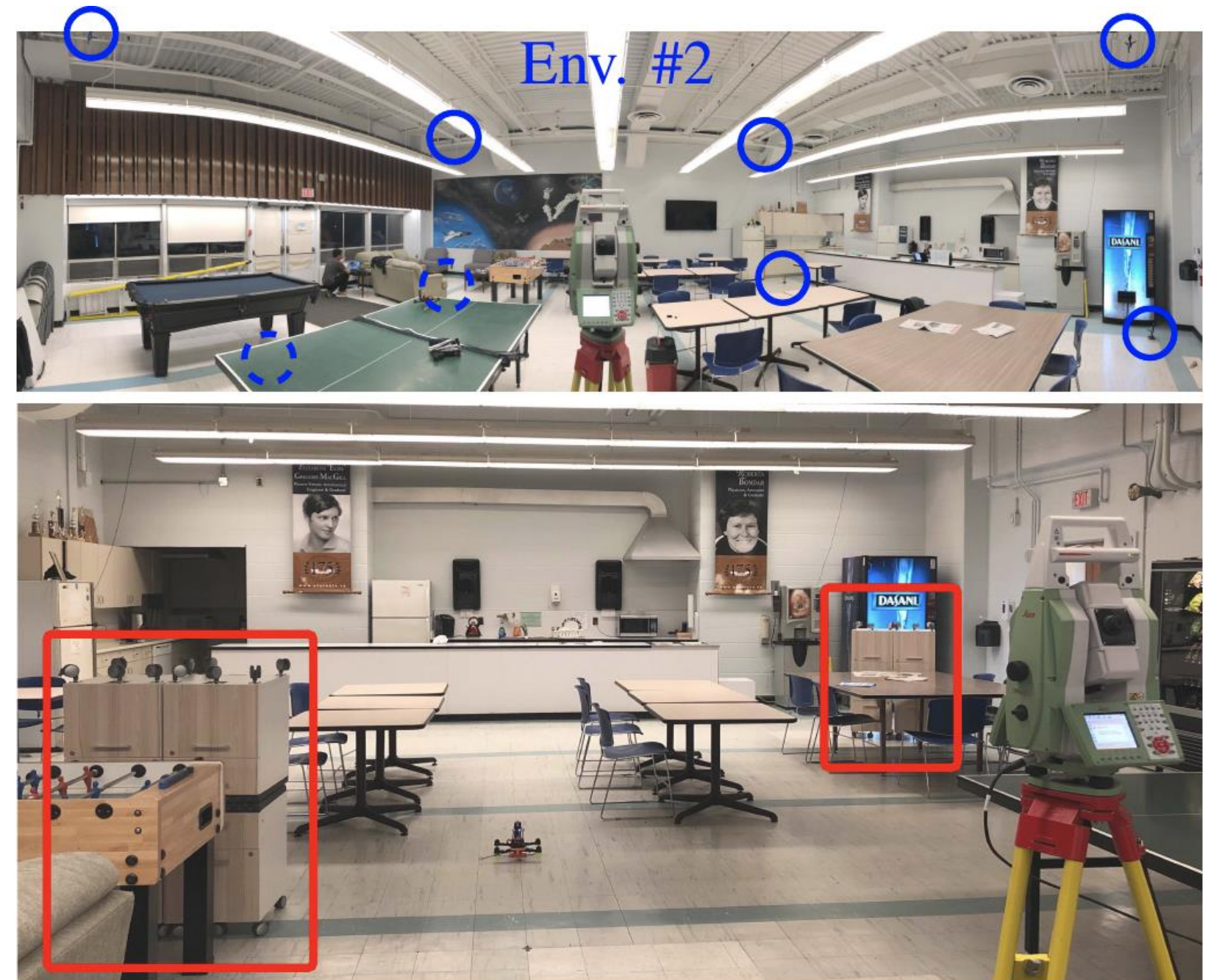
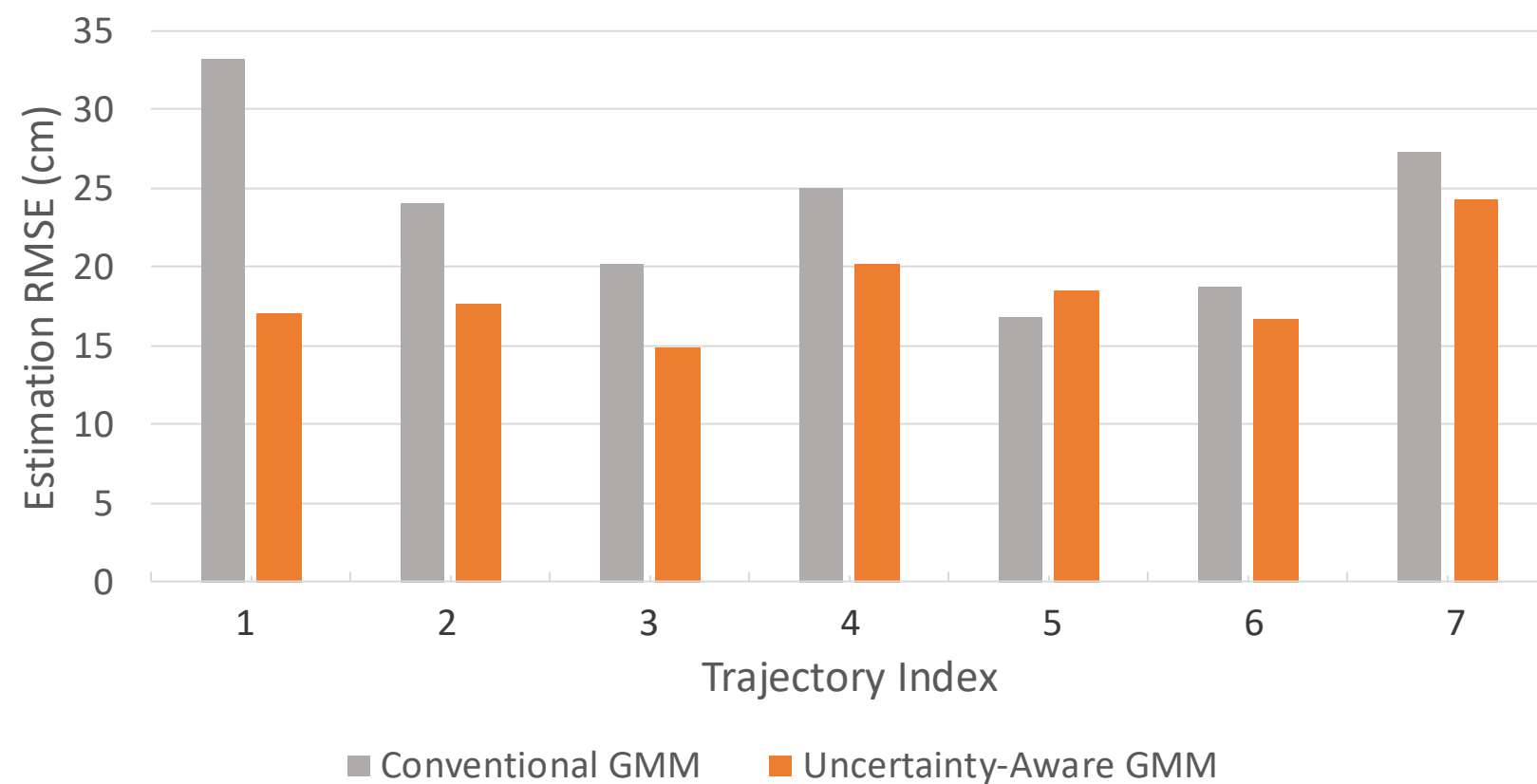
$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} = \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}[\hat{q}(\boldsymbol{\theta})]$$



Uncertainty-Aware GMM



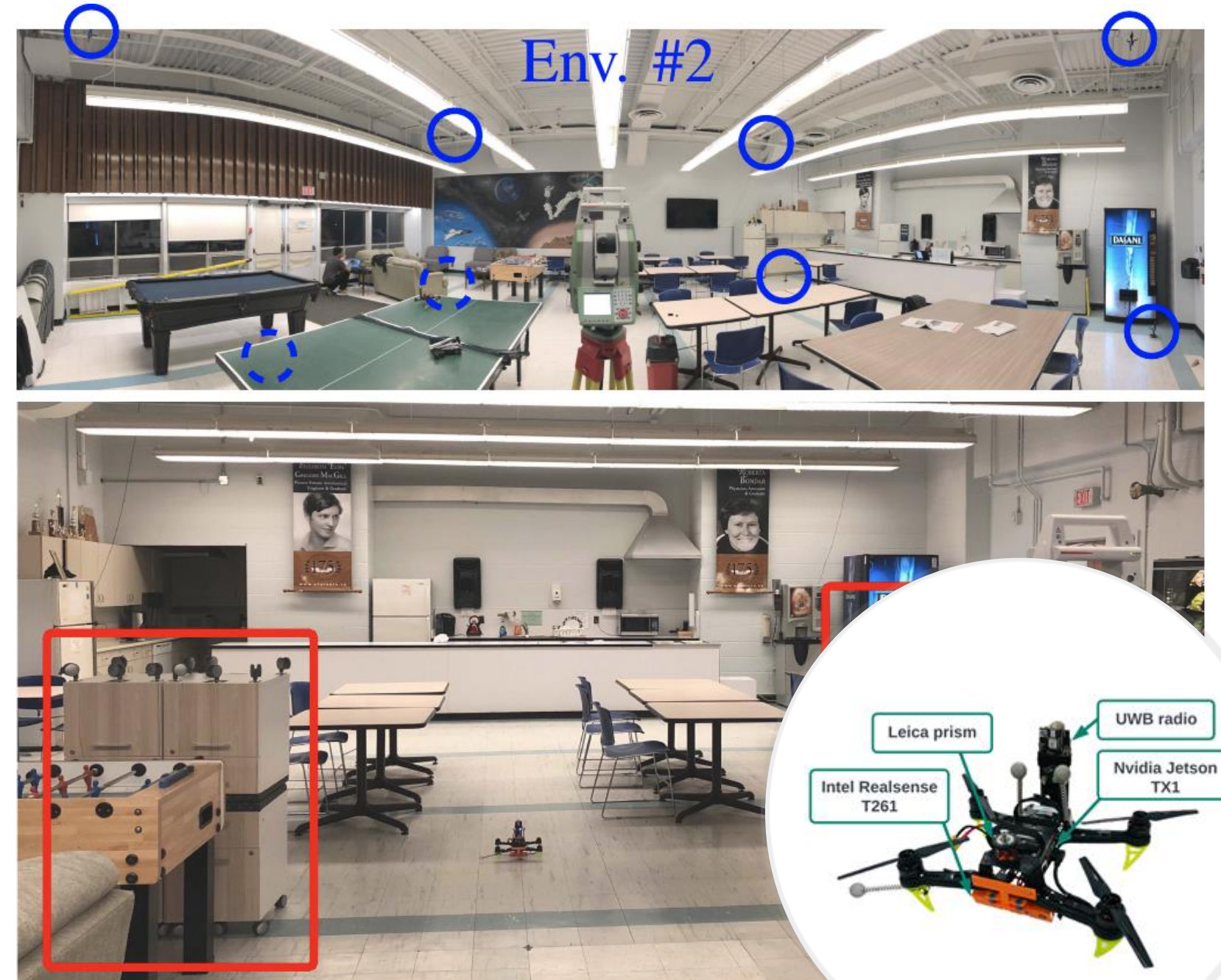
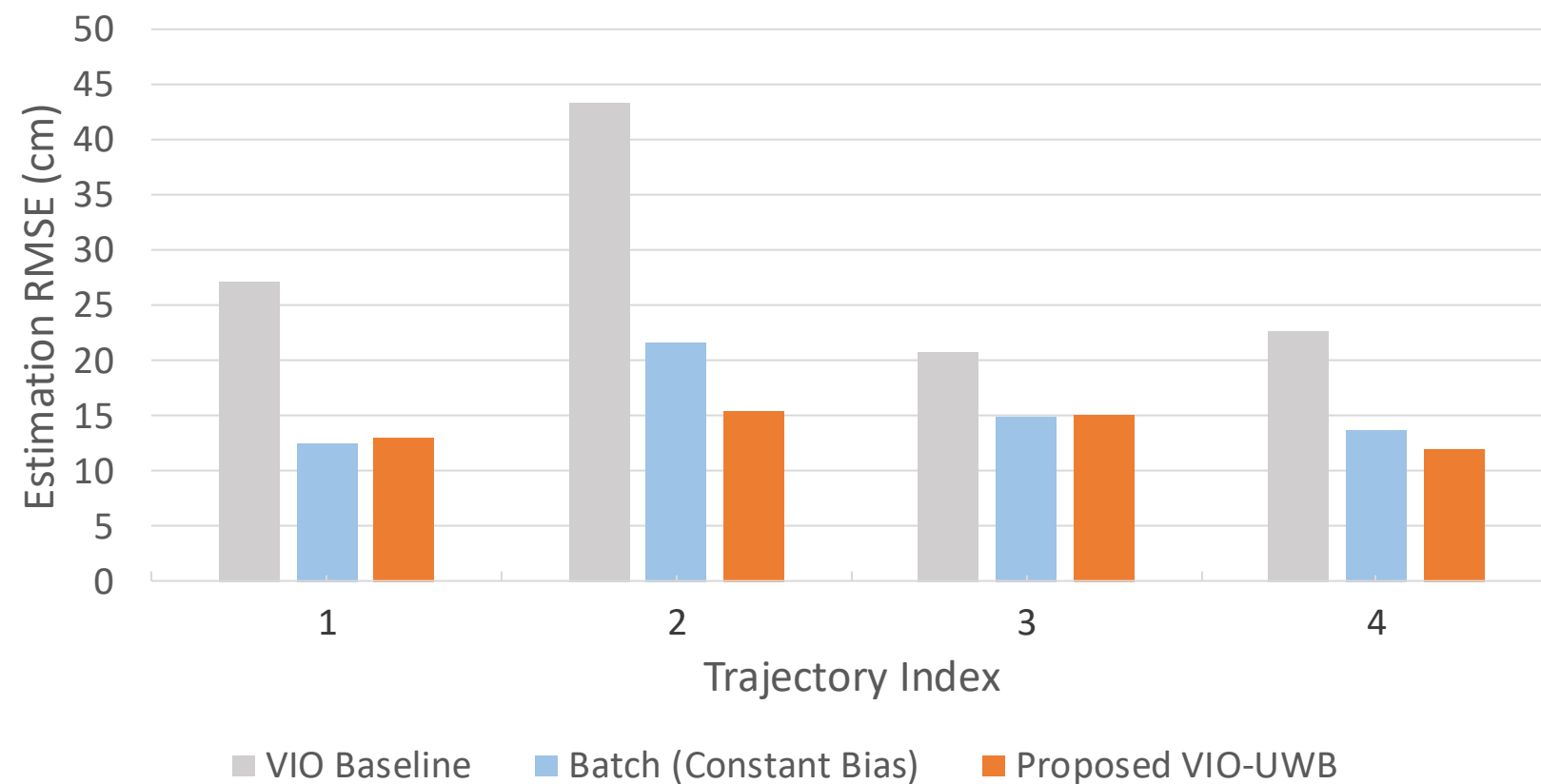
Our proposed method still achieves an average of 18.49 cm localization accuracy, leading to 19.11% error reductions compared to conventional GMM approach.



Range-Visual-Inertial-Aided Localization and Navigation



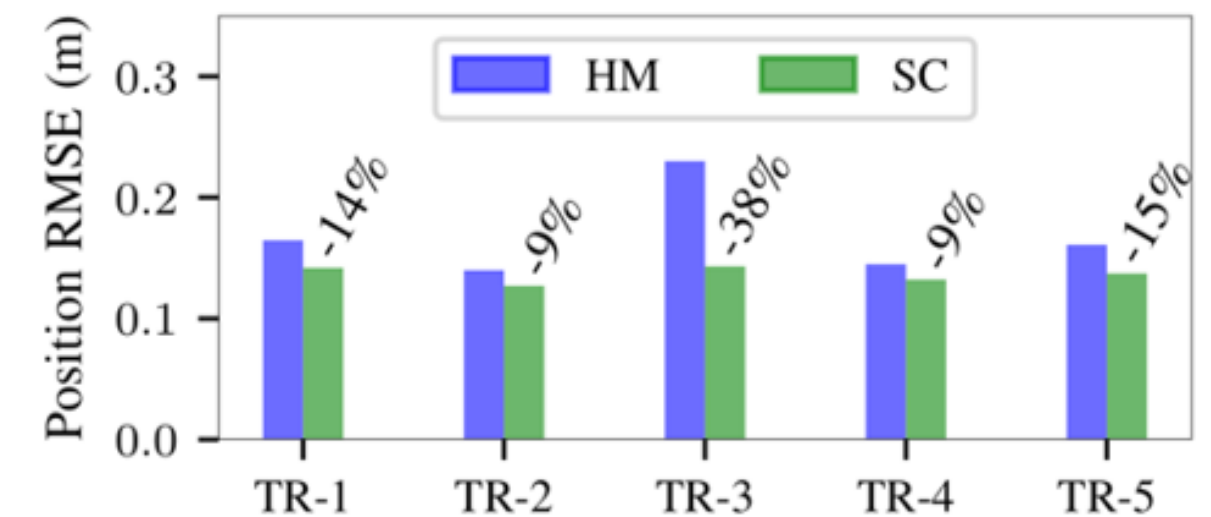
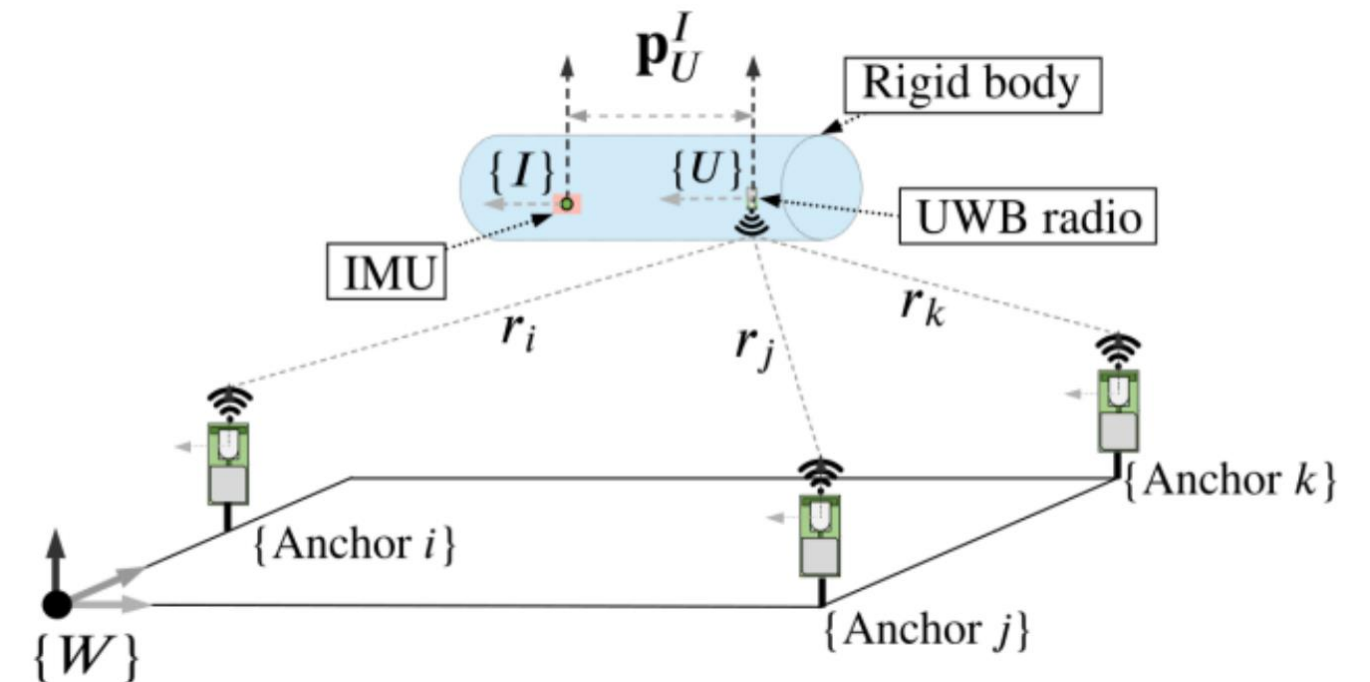
Further fusing UWB and VIO for localization achieves higher accuracy in cluttered environments with off-the-shelf sensors.



Online Spatio-Temporal Calibration



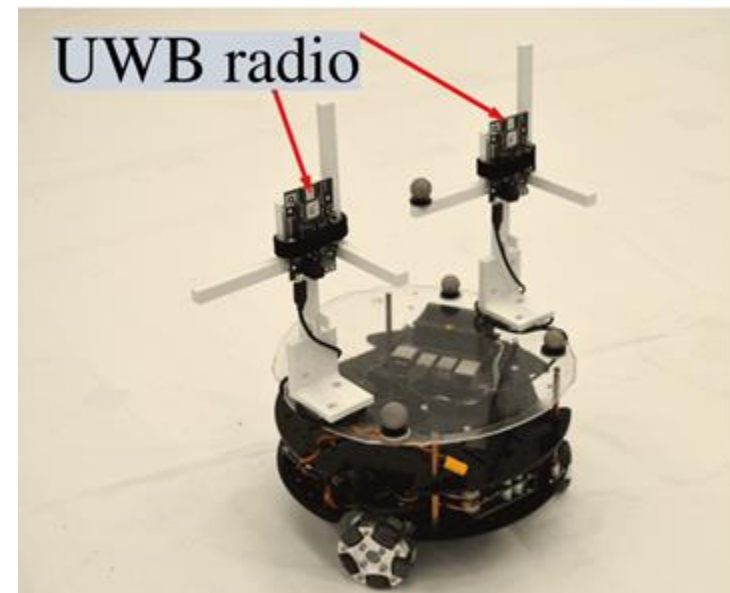
- Accurate positioning requires multi-modal sensor fusion and calibration of position and time offsets.
- Sensors are generally not collocated
- Sensors have different latencies
- Temporal and spatial offsets can be **calibrated online** as long as the required **identifiability** and **observability conditions** are met.



Multiagent Relative Localization and Pose Estimation



- Localization multiple aerial robots by measuring inter-robot distance.
- Use multiple UWB tags to estimate initial pose and trajectory.

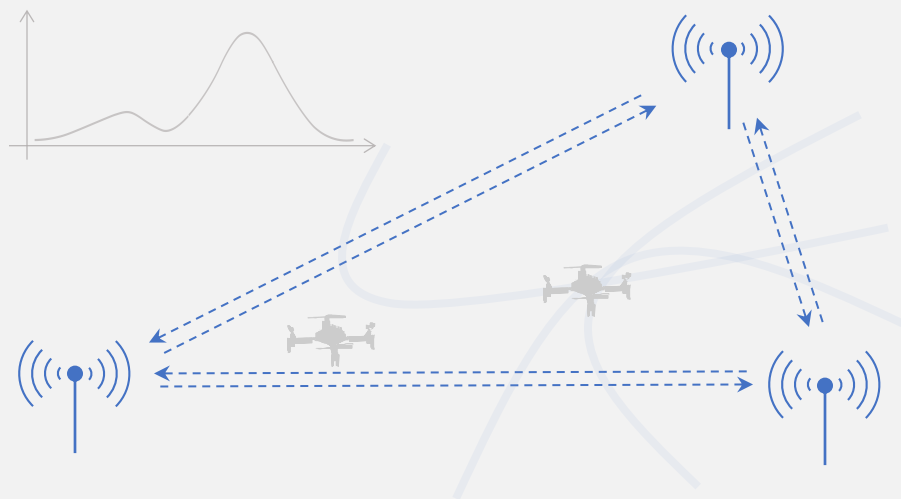




UWB-Based Localization for Aerial Swarms

Part I

Robust Range-Based Methods
for
Reliable Aerial Swarm
Localization

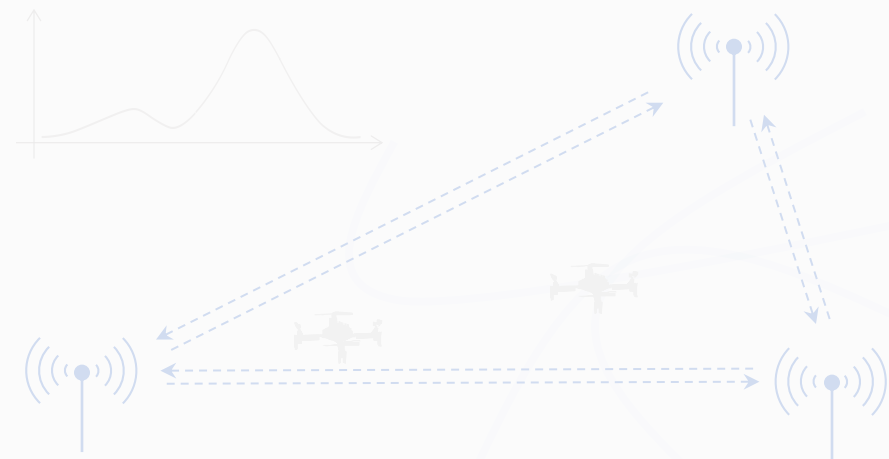


- UWB for portable and reliable indoor localization
- Uncertainty-aware GMM model learning algorithm for improved localization performance in cluttered scenes
- Fusing VIO and spatio-temporal calibrations further reduce localization errors
- Scaling to multiagent systems



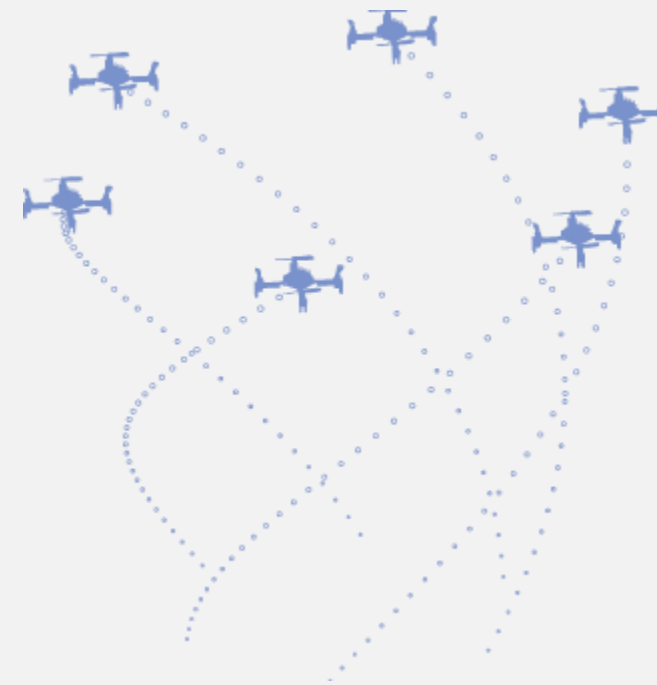
Part I

Robust Range-Based Methods
for
Reliable Aerial Swarm
Localization



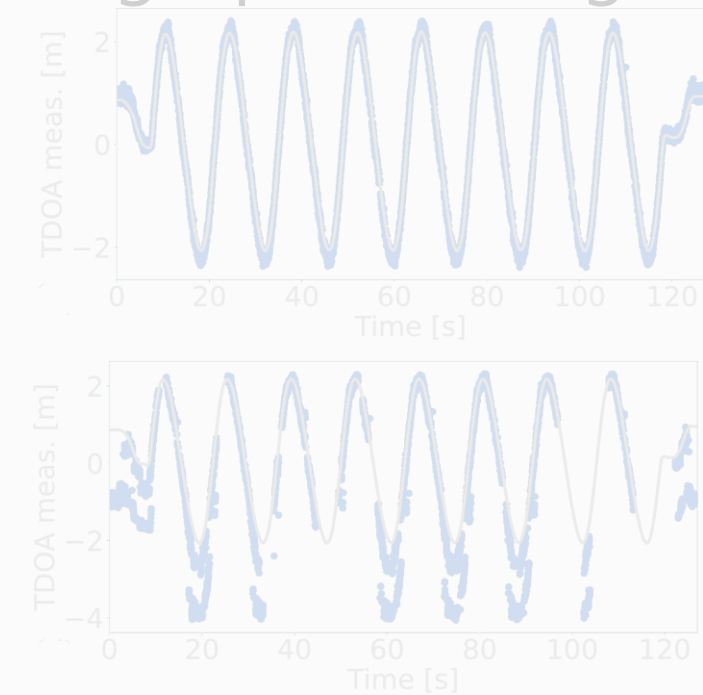
Part II

Control Theoretic Approaches
for
Efficient Swarm Coordination



Part III

Simulation Tools and Datasets
for
Scaling Up Swarming Tasks



Trajectory of Aerial Swarm Research from the Lab



Dancing to the Music

Schoellig, Angela P., et al. "So you think you can dance? Rhythmic flight performances with quadcopters." *Controls and Art: Inquiries at the Intersection of the Subjective and the Objective* (2014): 73-105. [[pdf](#), [website](#)]

Du, Xintong, et al. "Fast and in sync: Periodic swarm patterns for quadrotors." *IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)*. IEEE, 2019. [[pdf](#)]

Luis, Carlos E., and Angela P. Schoellig. "Trajectory generation for multiagent point-to-point transitions via distributed model predictive control." *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters* 4.2 (2019): 375-382. [[pdf](#)]

Luis, Carlos E., Marijan Vukosavljev, and Angela P. Schoellig. "Online trajectory generation with distributed model predictive control for multi-robot motion planning." *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters* 5.2 (2020): 604-611. [[pdf](#)]

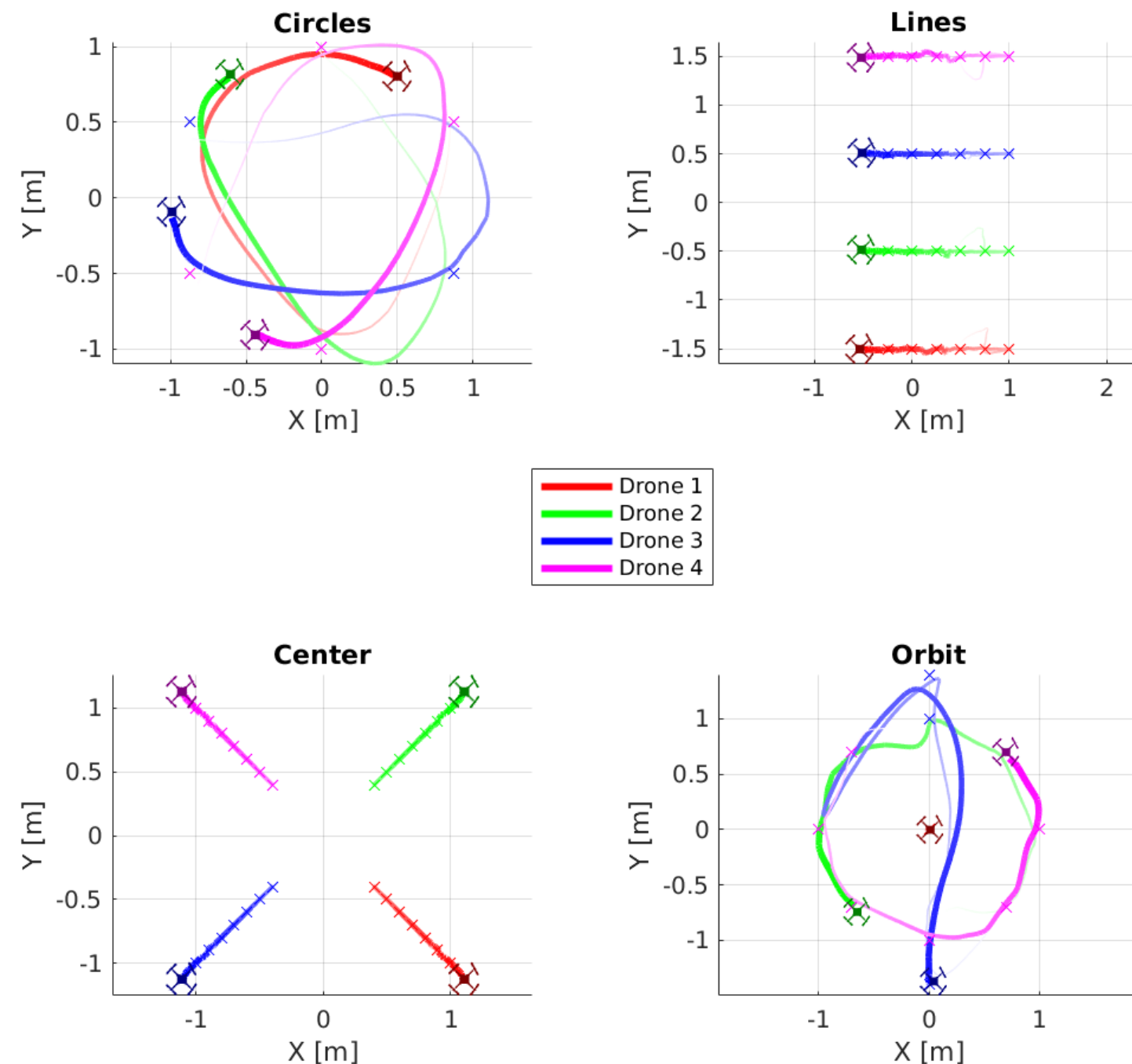
Adajania, Vivek K., et al. "AMSwarm: An Alternating Minimization Approach for Safe Motion Planning of Quadrotor Swarms in Cluttered Environments." *IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)*, 2023. [[pdf](#)]

Prior Work: Primitive-based motion planning frameworks for "dancing to the music," where motion parameters are **designed by experts**

Idea: Use large language model (LLM) to facilitate choreography design through language

Swarm Trajectory Generation

Capabilities of LLMs

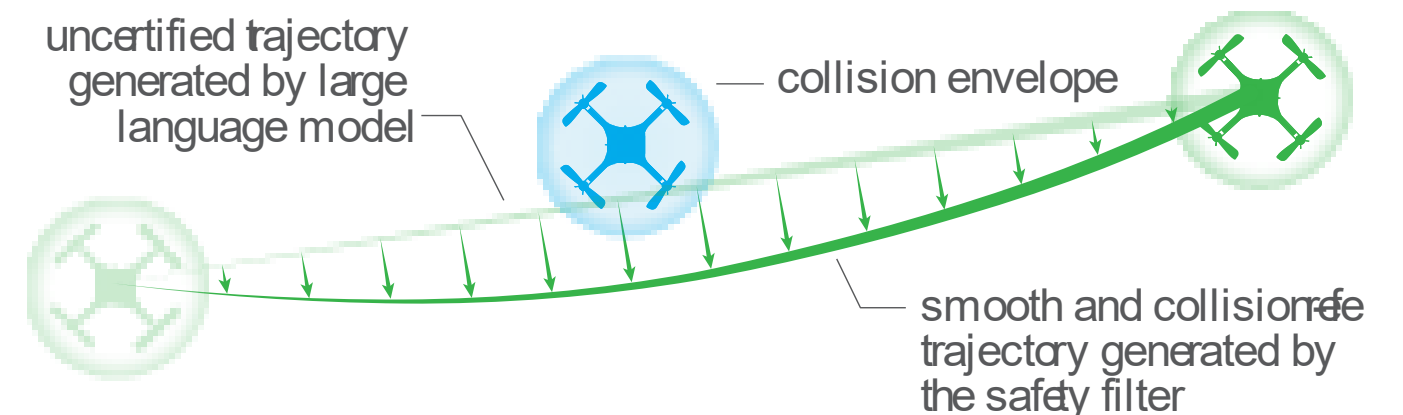


Pro: Interpreting qualitative instructions and allowing specifications of behaviors through intuitive instructions

Con: Difficult to guarantee feasibility and safety of generated choreographies (especially for large swarms)



Safety Filter: Encode prior knowledge via optimization-based trajectory generation



Trajectory of Aerial Swarm Research from the Lab



Dancing to the Music

Schoellig, Angela P., et al. "So you think you can dance? Rhythmic flight performances with quadcopters." *Controls and Art: Inquiries at the Intersection of the Subjective and the Objective* (2014): 73-105. [[pdf](#), [website](#)]

Du, Xintong, et al. "Fast and in sync: Periodic swarm patterns for quadrotors." *IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)*. IEEE, 2019. [[pdf](#)]

Safety Filter: Distributed optimization problems for individual agents to account for actuation constraints, smoothness, and motion of other agents

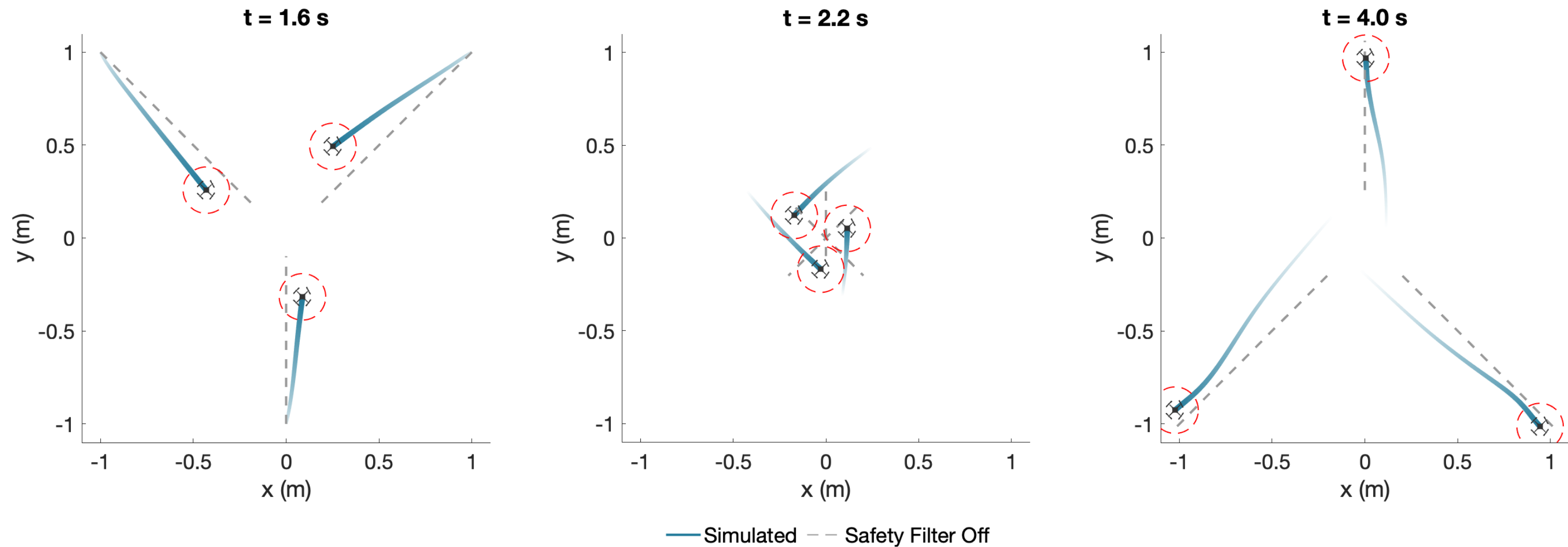
Luis, Carlos E., and Angela P. Schoellig. "Trajectory generation for multiagent point-to-point transitions via distributed model predictive control." *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters* 4.2 (2019): 375-382. [[pdf](#)]

Luis, Carlos E., Marijan Vukosavljev, and Angela P. Schoellig. "Online trajectory generation with distributed model predictive control for multi-robot motion planning." *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters* 5.2 (2020): 604-611. [[pdf](#)]

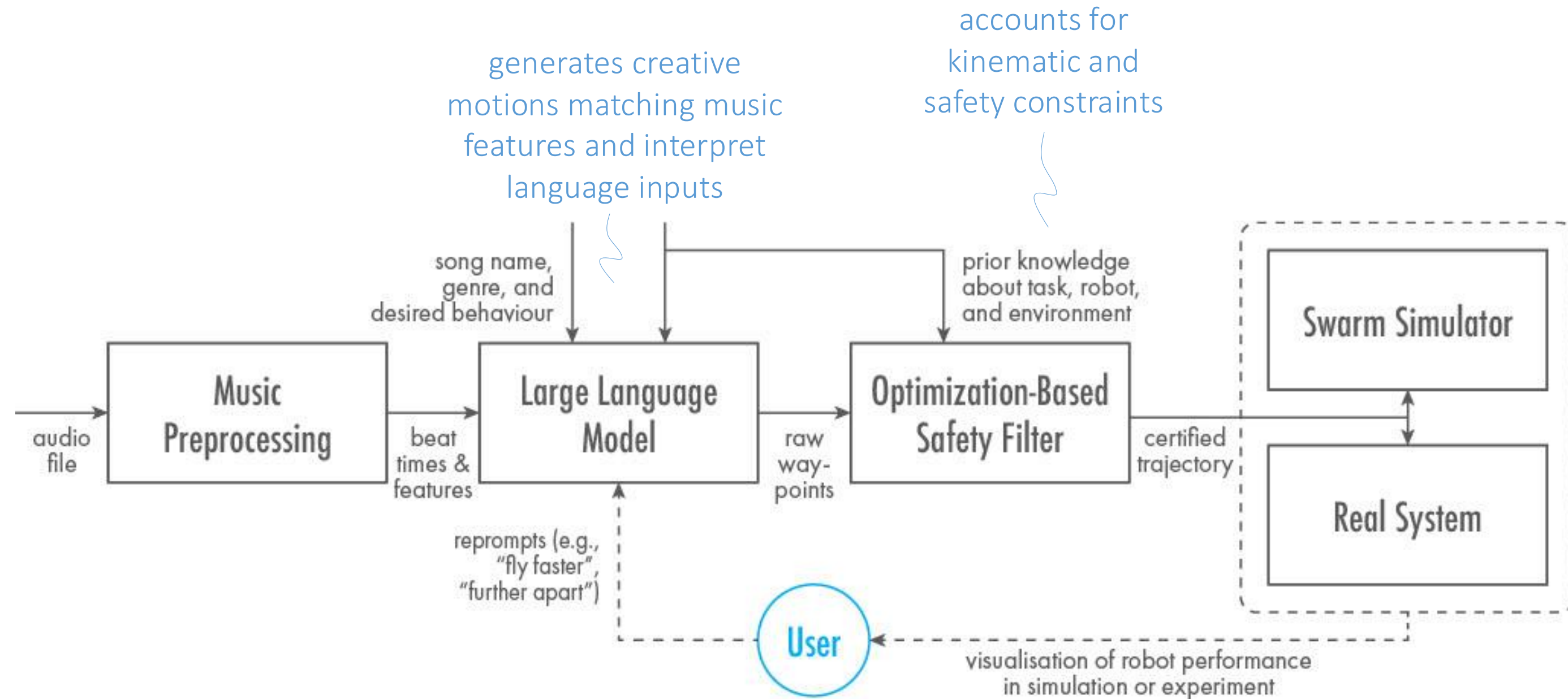
Adajania, Vivek K., et al. "AMSwarm: An Alternating Minimization Approach for Safe Motion Planning of Quadrotor Swarms in Cluttered Environments." *IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)*, 2023. [[pdf](#)]

Swarm Trajectory Generation

AMSwarm Safety Filter: Illustration



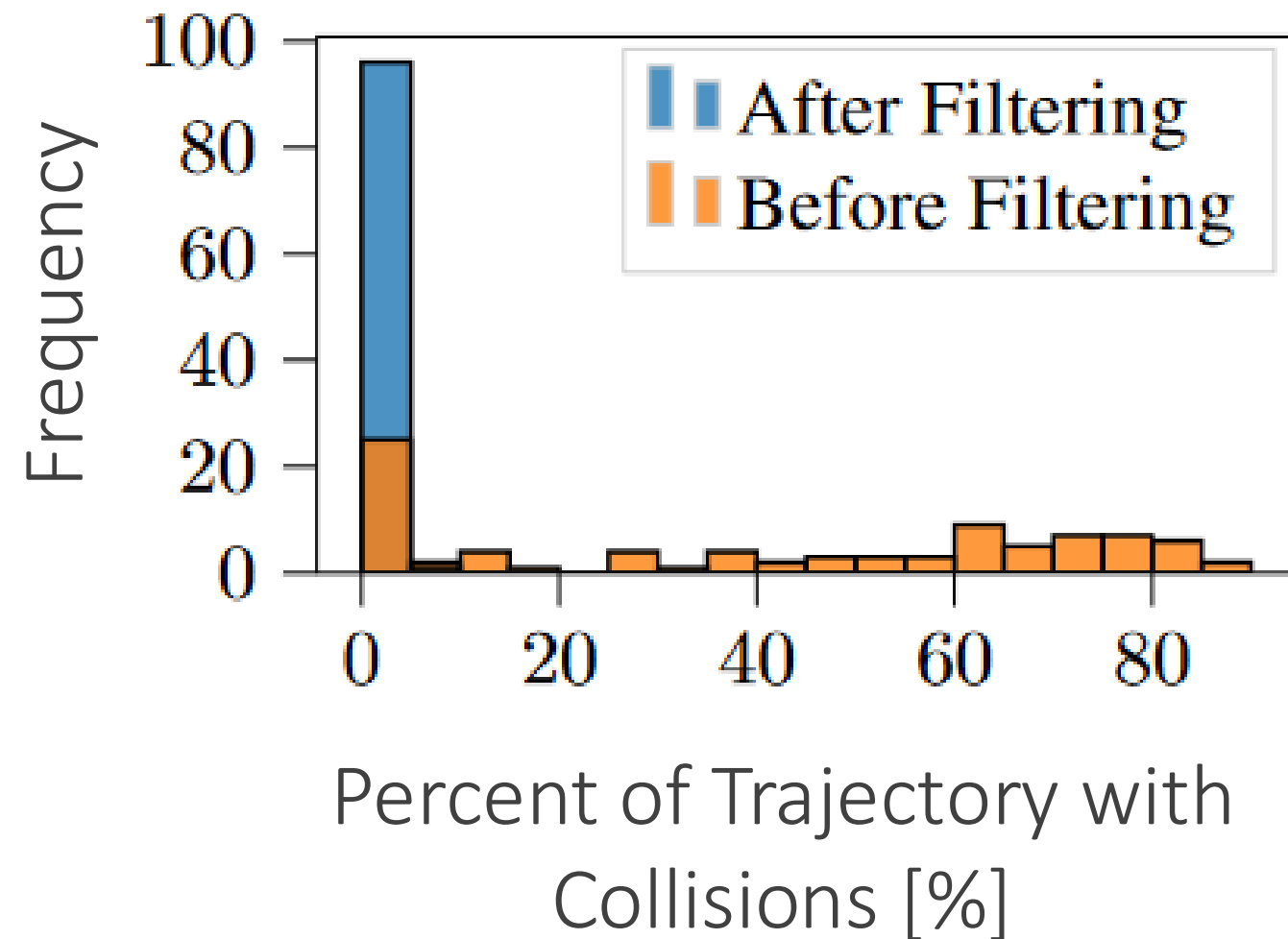
Swarm-GPT: An Interactive Choreography Interface



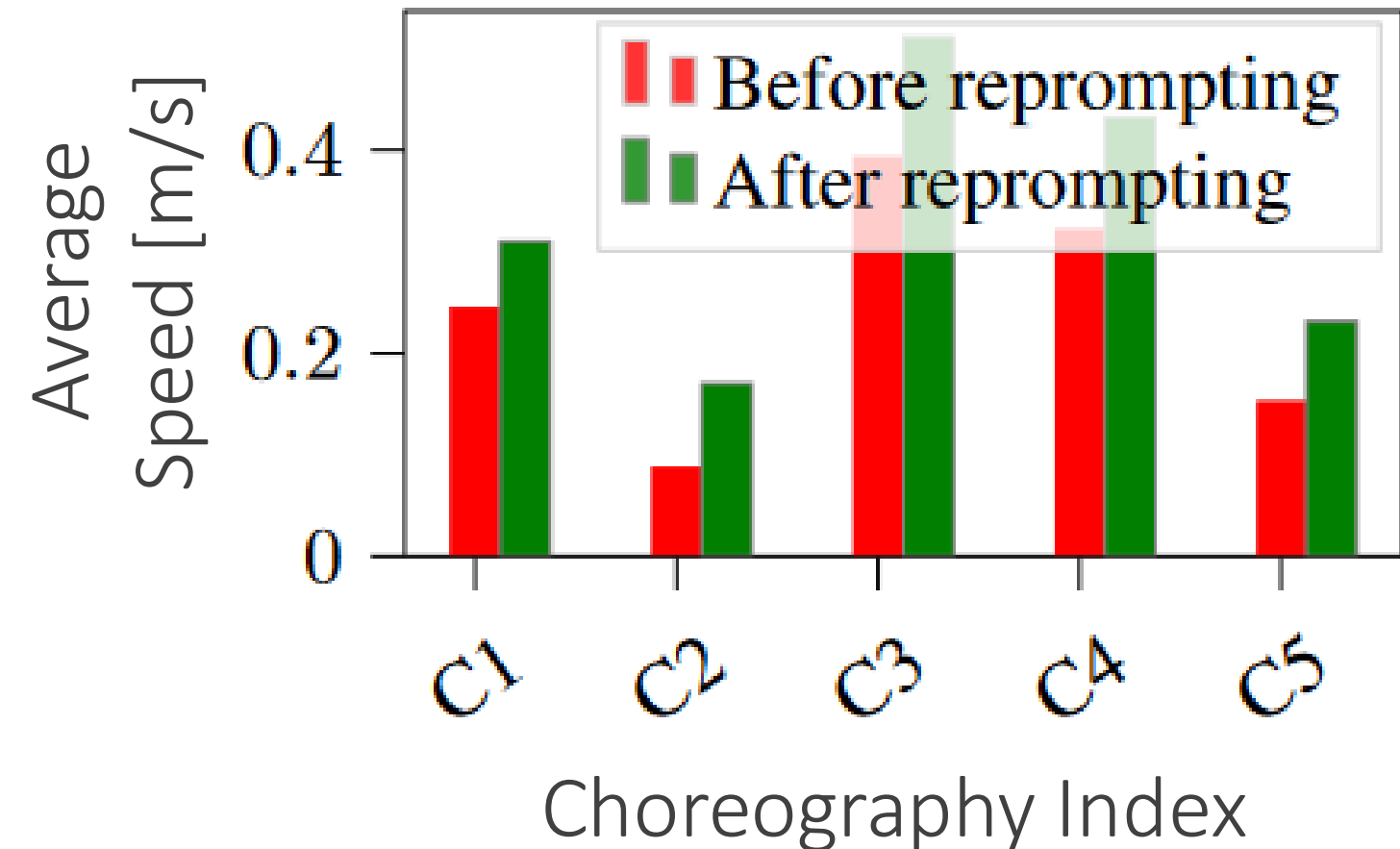
Swarm-GPT: Results



Number of collisions before and after the safety filter is applied



Average speeds after the drones are instructed to “fly faster”



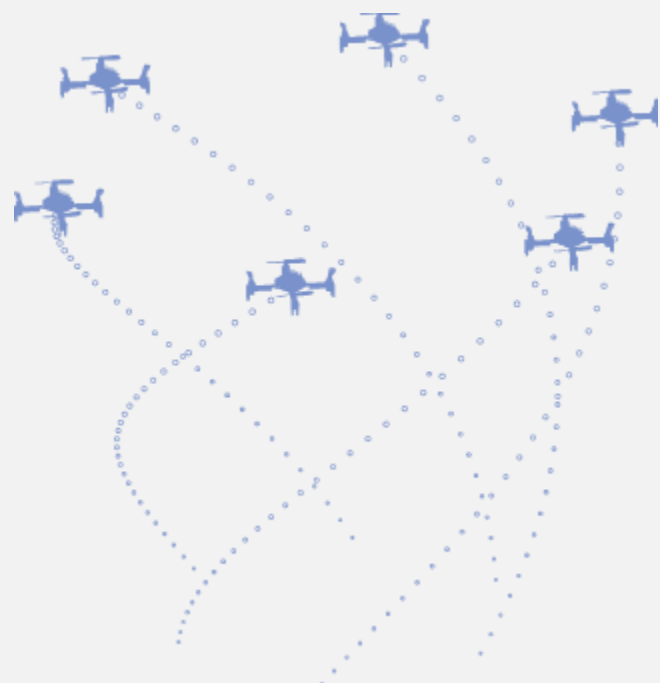


“Here Comes the Sun”



Part II

Control Theoretic Approaches for Efficient Swarm Coordination

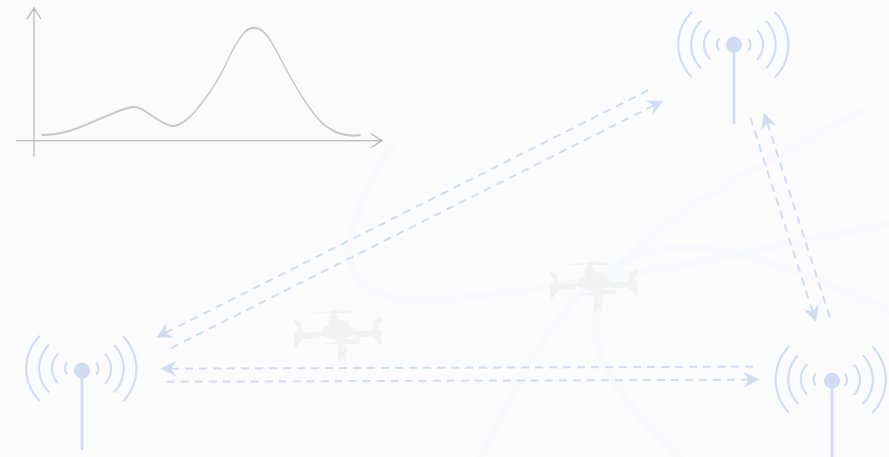


- Leveraging our prior knowledge optimization-based methods for safe multiagent motion planning
- Incorporating language models for intuitive interactions
- Seamlessly combining the two gives non-experts the ability to program robots



Part I

Robust Range-Based Methods
for
Reliable Aerial Swarm
Localization



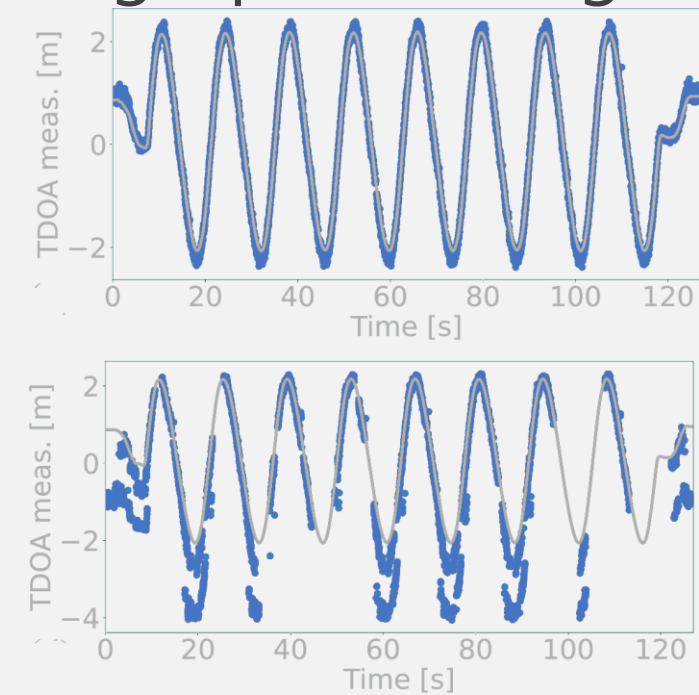
Part II

Control Theoretic Approaches
for
Efficient Swarm Coordination



Part III

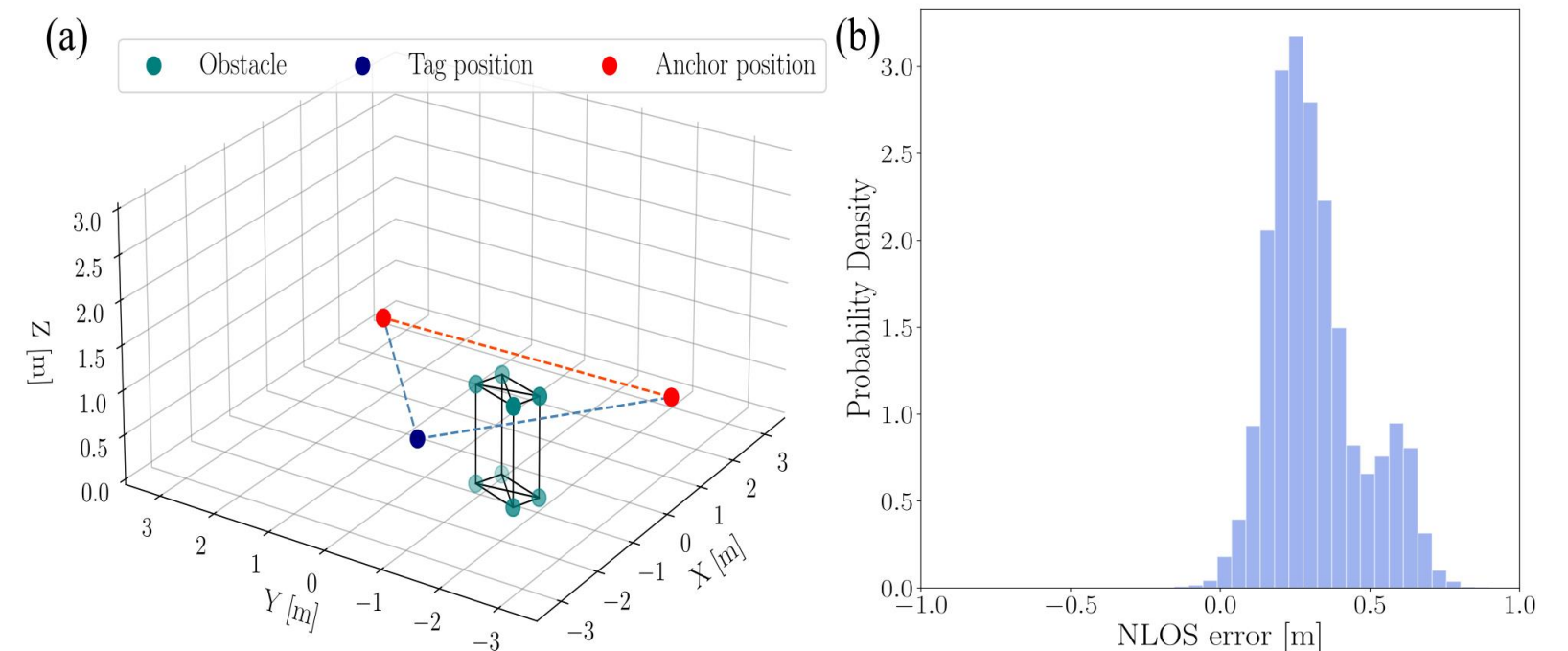
Simulation Tools and Datasets
for
Scaling Up Swarming Tasks



UTIL Dataset: Overview



- Designed a variety of identification experiments in line-of-sight (LOS) and non-line-of-sight (NLOS) scenarios
- Two UWB anchors and one Crazyflie nano-quadrotor equipped with an UWB tag are placed on wooden structures
- A millimeter-level accurate motion capture system measures the poses of the tag and the anchors for ground truth data



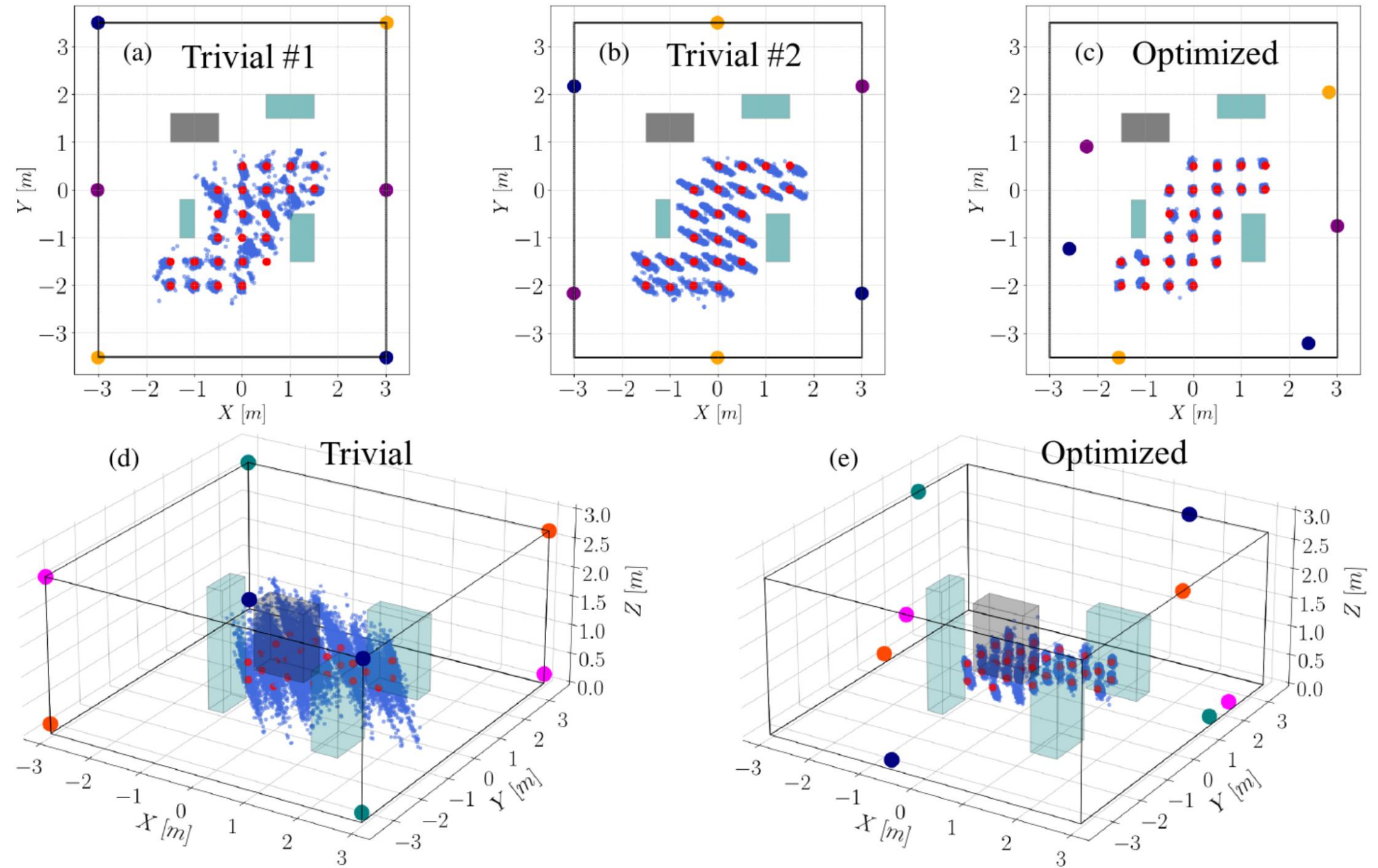
<https://utiasdsl.github.io/util-uw-b-dataset/>



UTIL Dataset: Optimizing Sensor Placement

NLOS experiments

- Modeling and optimizing sensor placements can significantly reduce the variance of range measurements
- RMSE error can be reduced up to 76% in 3D settings



gym-pybullet-drones



An open-source environment for the reinforcement learning of single and multi-agent quadcopter control

Based on the widely available and open-source Bitcraze Crazyflie hardware and software stack

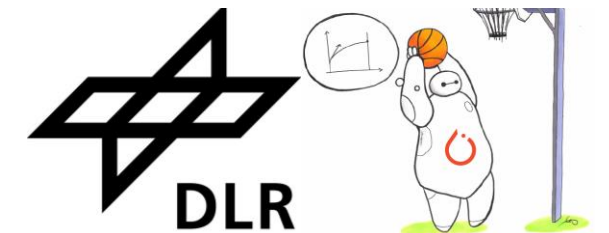
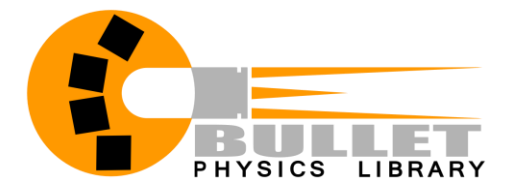


Design Principles:

- Flexibility (multiple use cases in one Python pkg)
- Ease-of-use (low-friction installation and 1st use)

Integrations:

- PyBullet Physics
- Farama Found. Gymnasium
- DLR Stable-baselines3 2.0
- Betaflight SITL
- CFFirmware (WIP)



[gym-pybullet-drones](#) Public

PyBullet Gym environments for single and multi-agent reinforcement learning of quadcopter control

Python 929 280



gym-pybullet-drones

Installation

Tested on Intel x64/Ubuntu 22.04 and Apple Silicon/macOS 14.1.

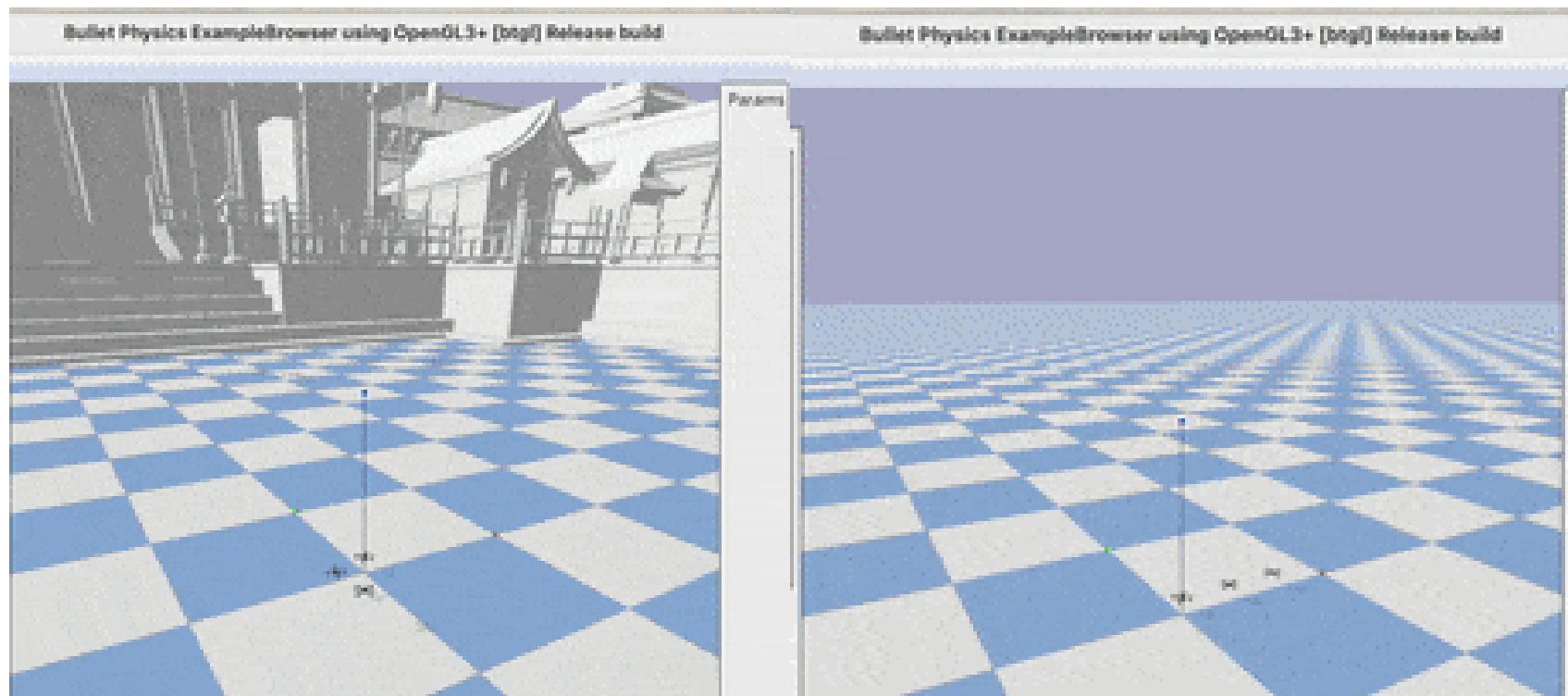
```
git clone https://github.com/utiasDSL/gym-pybullet-drones.git
cd gym-pybullet-drones/

conda create -n drones python=3.10
conda activate drones

pip3 install --upgrade pip
pip3 install -e . # if needed, `sudo apt install build-essential` to install `gcc` and build
```

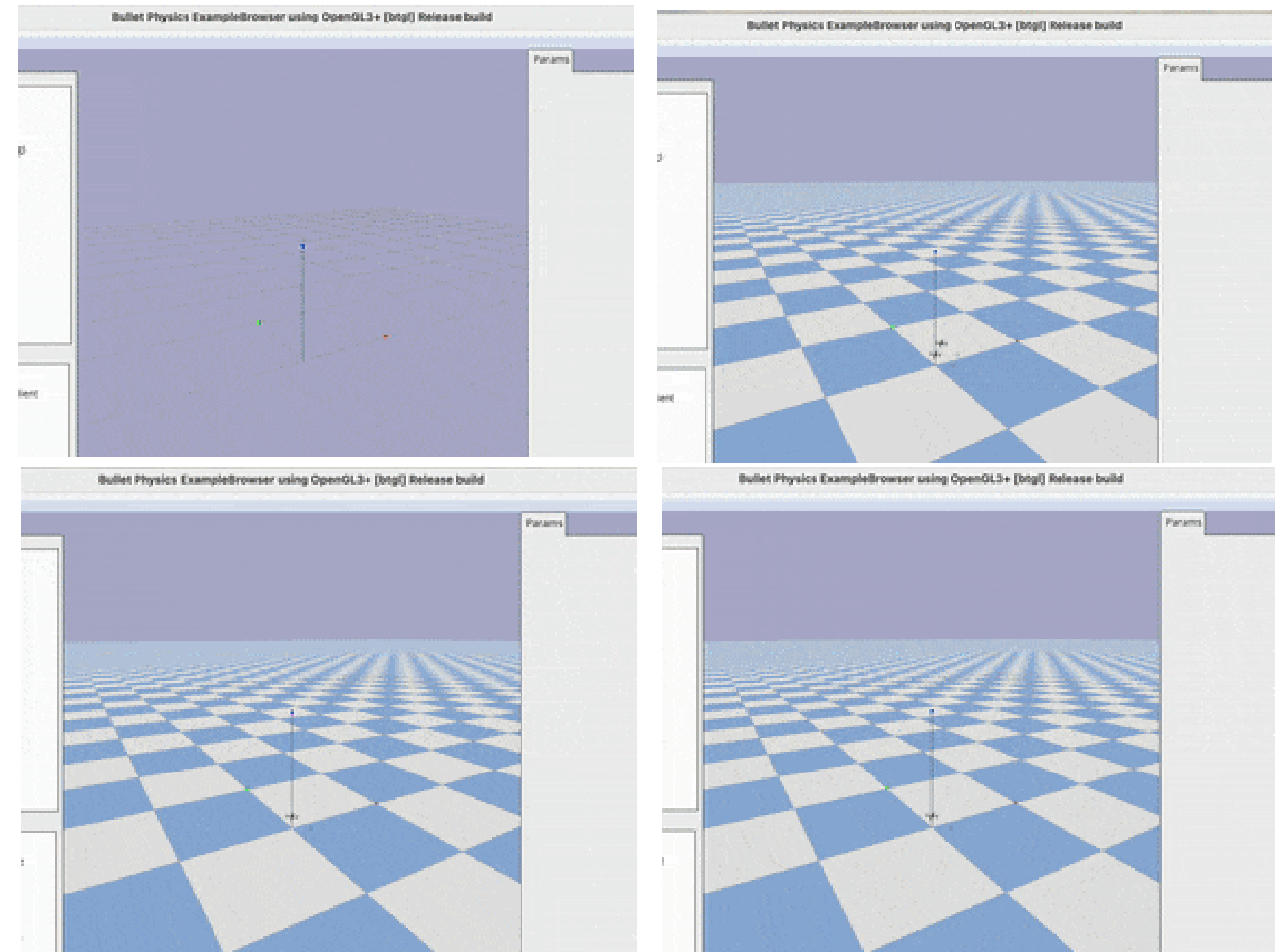
PID control examples

```
cd gym_pybullet_drones/examples/
python3 pid.py # position and velocity reference
python3 pid_velocity.py # desired velocity reference
```



Reinforcement learning examples (SB3's PPO)

```
cd gym_pybullet_drones/examples/
python learn.py # task: single drone hover at z == 1.0
python learn.py --multiagent true # task: 2-drone hover at z == 1.2 and 0.7
```





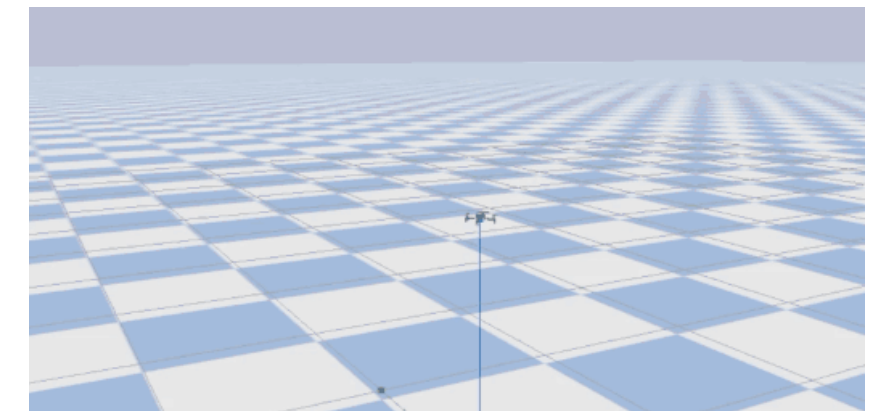
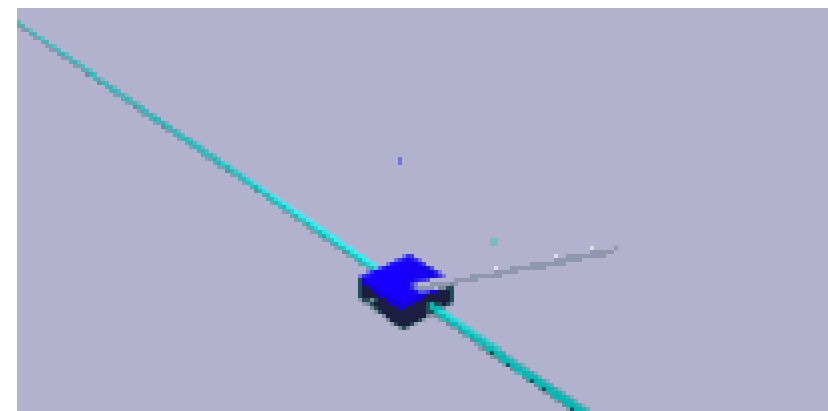
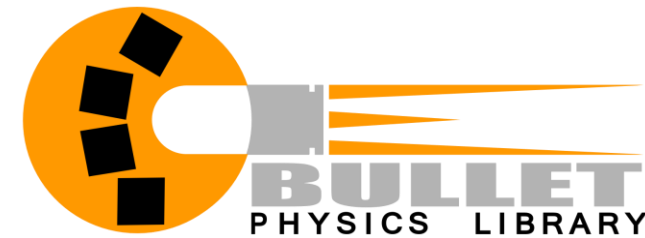
safe-control-gym: a Unified Benchmark Suite

Components

- Open-source physics-engine Bullet
- Compatibility with OpenAI Gym
- CasADi as a symbolic framework
 - For portability and reproducibility

Test Environments

- Three environments (cartpole, 1D quadrotor, and 2D quadrotor)
- Two tasks (stabilization and trajectory tracking) with increasing difficulty



safe-control-gym: a Unified Benchmark Suite



safe-control-gym

<https://github.com/utiasDSL/safe-control-gym>

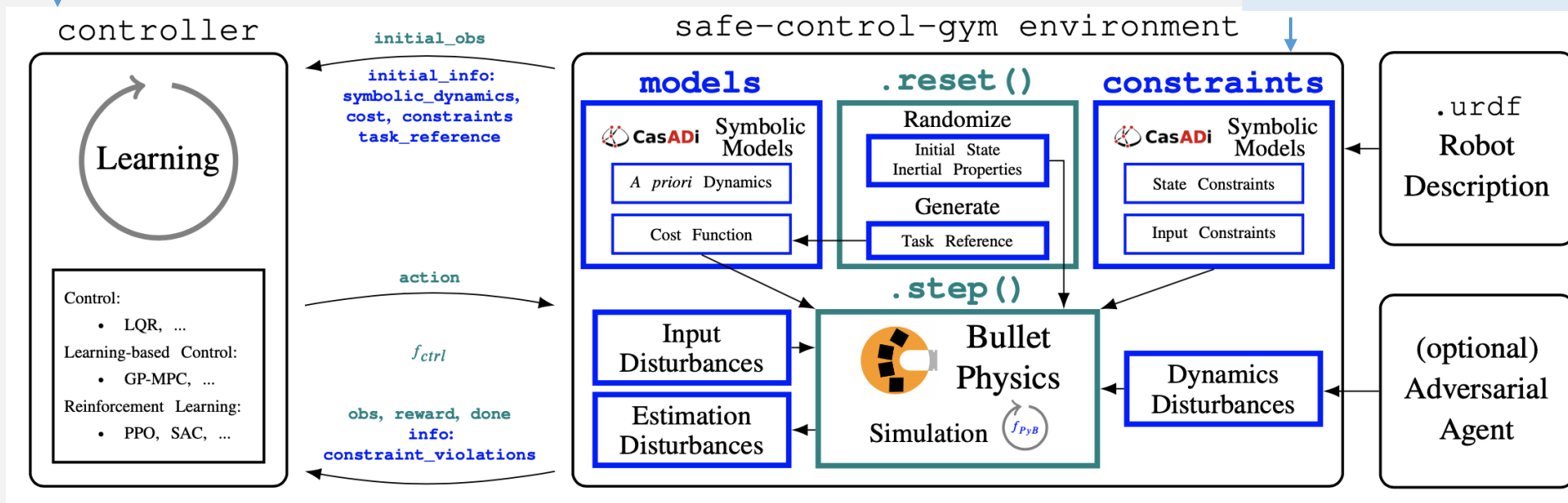
Related Discussions

(from Recent Workshops)

gym architecture

Software Architecture

symbolic prior dynamics, cost, and constraints



Safety Definitions and Requirements for Real-World Applications

Opportunities and Challenges in Developing Robot Learning Algorithms

Benchmark, Challenges, Evaluation to Bridge the Gap Between Theory and Practice

LQR

GP-MPC

Robust Adversarial RL

Iterative LQR

Soft Actor Critic

MPC Safety Filter

Linear MPC

Proximal Policy Optimization

Control Barrier Certification

Z. Yuan, A. W. Hall, S. Zhou, L. Brunke, M. Greeff, J. Panerati, and A. P. Schoellig

safe-control-gym: a Unified Benchmark Suite for Safe Learning-based Control and Reinforcement Learning in Robotics

safe-control-gym: a Unified Benchmark Suite



3 Environments

- Cartpole
- 1D Quadrotor
- 2D Quadrotor

2 Tasks (for each system)

- Stabilization to fixed points
- Tracking given trajectories

10+ Implemented Algorithms

- PID
- Linear Quadratic Regulator (LQR)
- Model-predictive control (MPC)
- RL agents (PPO, SAC)
- *your algorithm...*

 **safe-control-gym** Public

PyBullet CartPole and Quadrotor environments—with CasADi symbolic a priori dynamics—for learning-based control and RL

 Python  445  96

Repo: <https://github.com/utiasDSL/safe-control-gym>

Related Publications (* Equal Contribution)

[1] L. Brunke*, M. Greeff*, A. W. Hall*, Z. Yuan*, S. Zhou*, J. Panerati, and A. P. Schoellig, "Safe learning in robotics: From learning-based control to safe reinforcement learning," *Annual Review of Control, Robotics, and Autonomous Systems*, vol. 5, 2021. [pdf]

[2] Z. Yuan, A. W. Hall, S. Zhou, L. Brunke, M. Greeff, J. Panerati, and A. P. Schoellig, "Safe-control-Gym: A unified benchmark suite for safe learning-based control and reinforcement learning in robotics," *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters*, vol. 7, no. 4, pp. 11142-11149, 2022. [pdf]

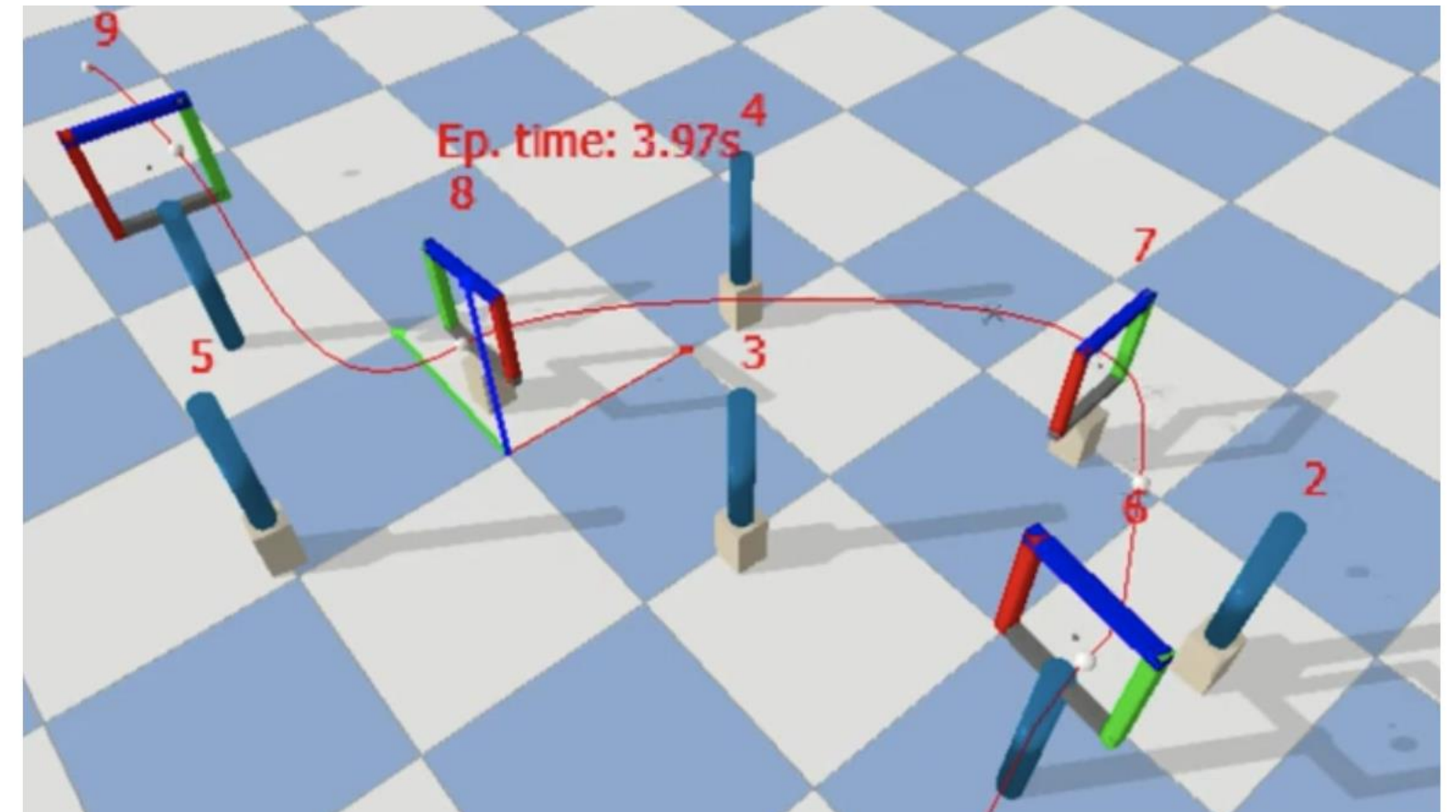
IROS Safe Robot Learning Competition and Beyond



Objective: design a controller/planner for a Crazyflie 2.x quadrotor to safely slalom through a set of gates and reach a target

Challenge: uncertainties in the robot dynamics (e.g., mass and inertia) and the environment (e.g., wind, position of the gates).

Participants were encouraged to explore both control and reinforcement learning approaches (e.g., robust, adaptive, predictive, learning-based and optimal control, and model-based/model-free RL).



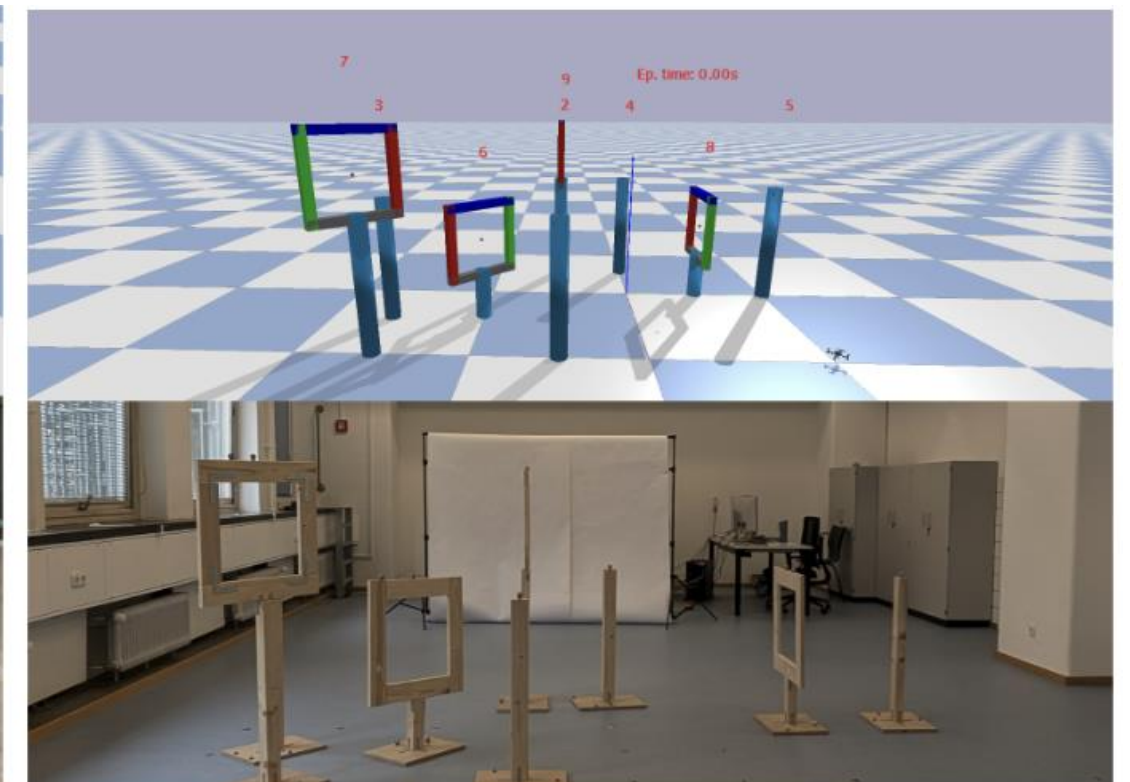
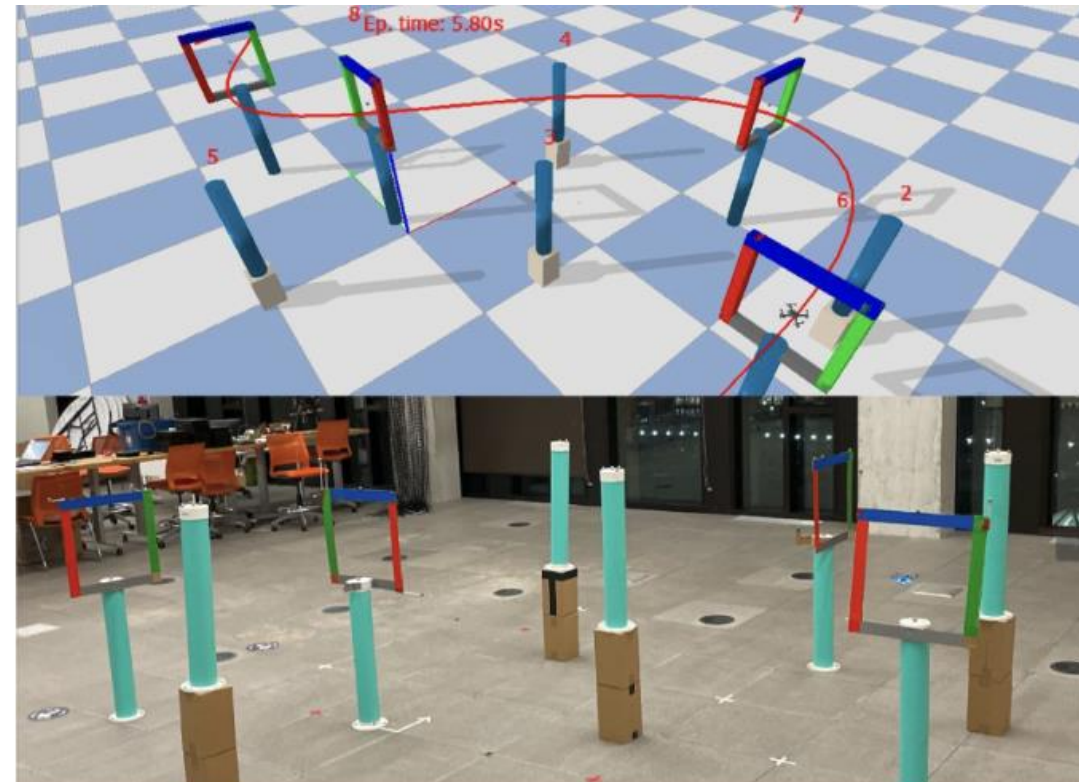
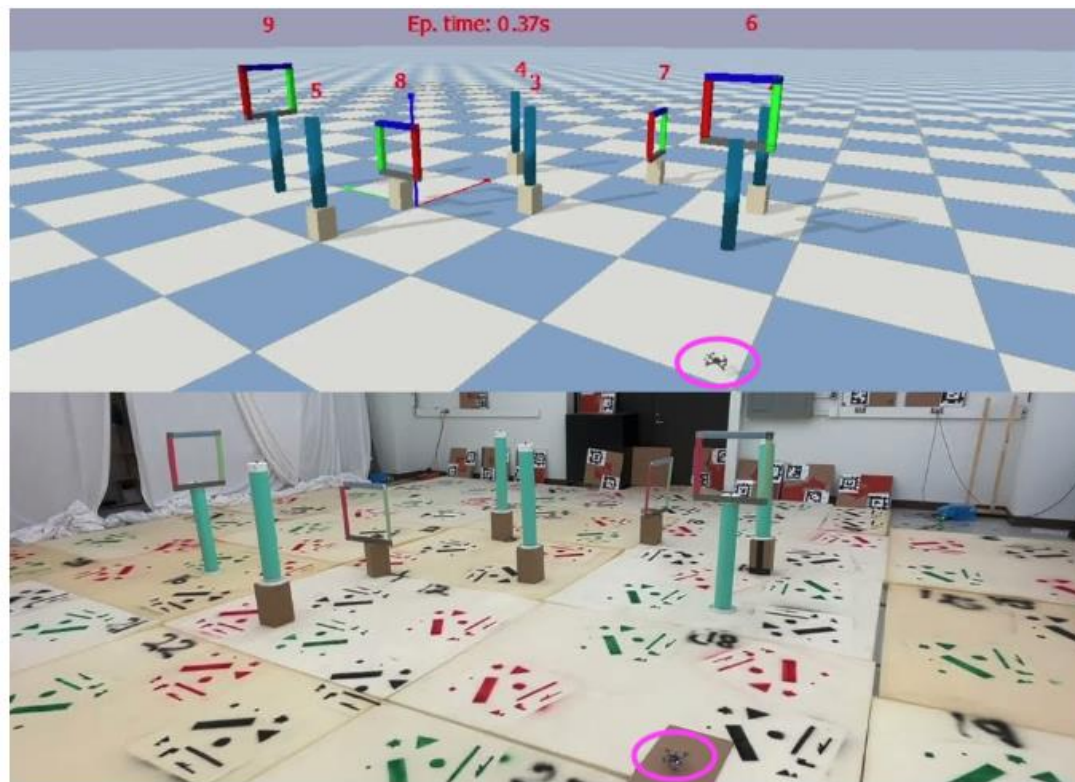
[1] Teetaert S, Zhao W, Xinyuan N, Zahir H, Leong H, Hidalgo M, Puga G, Lorente T, Espinosa N, Carrasco JA, Zhang K. A Remote Sim2real Aerial Competition: Fostering Reproducibility and Solutions' Diversity in Robotics Challenges. arXiv preprint arXiv:2308.16743. 2023 Aug 31.

IROS Competition Code Base | <https://github.com/utiasDSL/safe-control-gym/tree/beta-iros-competition>

IROS Safe Robot Learning Competition and Beyond



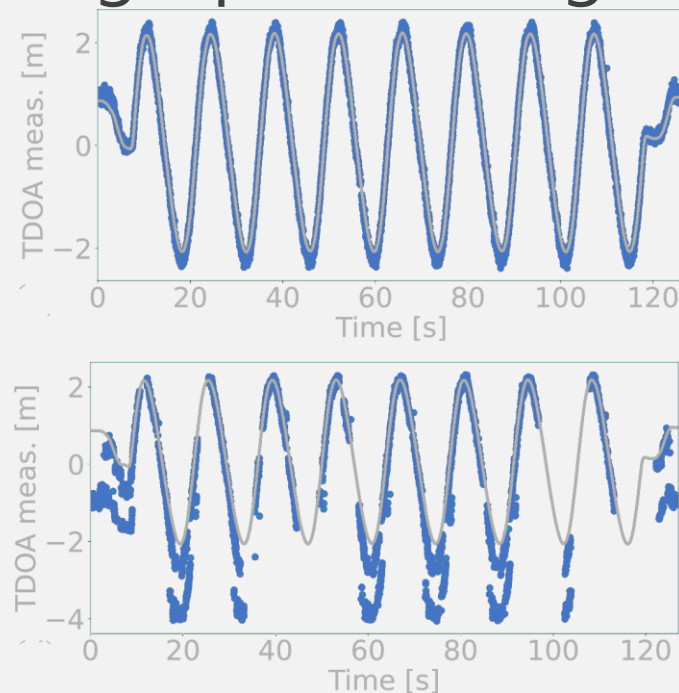
Evaluation Scenario	Constraints	Rand. Inertial Properties	Randomized Obstacles, Gates	Rand. Between Episodes	Notes
level 0	Yes	No	No	No	Perfect knowledge
level 1	Yes	Yes	No	No	Adaptive
level 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Learning, re-planning
level 3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Robustness
sim2real	Yes	Real-life hardware	Yes, injected	No	Sim2real transfer





Part III

Simulation Tools and Datasets for Scaling Up Swarming Tasks



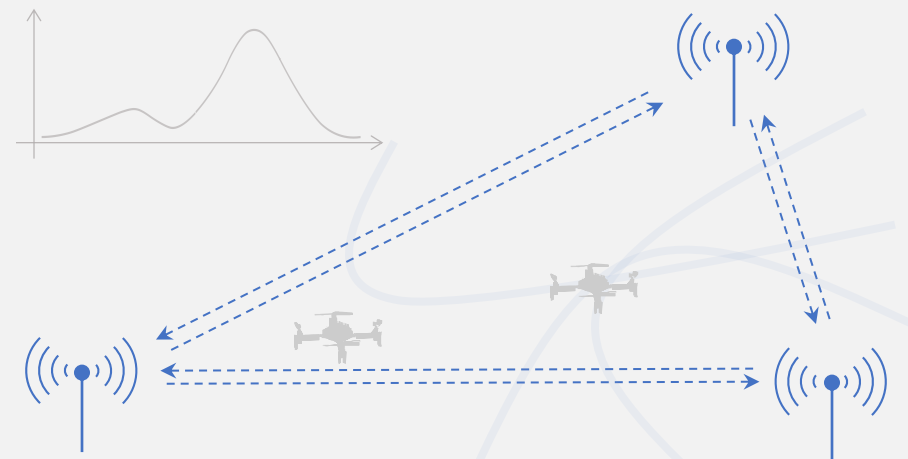
- UTIL dataset facilitating reliable estimation algorithm design in real-world cluttered environments
- gym-pybullet-drones providing abundant simulation data for learning complex tasks
- safe-control-gym bridging the gap between learning-based control and safe reinforcement learning
- sim2real aerial competition fostering reproducibility and solutions' diversity in robotics challenges

Safe Decision-Making for Aerial Swarms



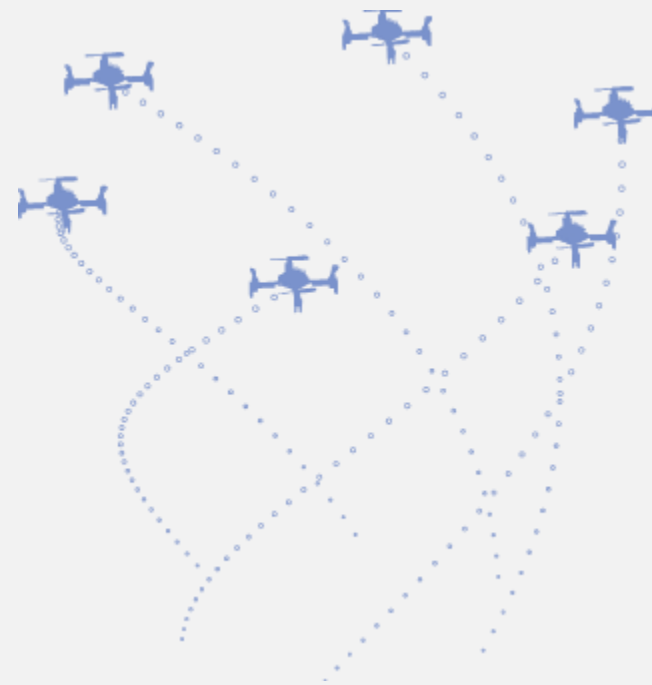
Part I

Robust Range-Based Methods
for
Reliable Aerial Swarm
Localization



Part II

Control Theoretic Approaches
for
Efficient Swarm Coordination



Part III

Simulation Tools and Datasets
for
Scaling Up Swarming Tasks

